The Daily Sentinel.

VOL. V. RALEIGH, N. C., TUESDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 7, 1869. NO. 93.

WHOLESALE & RETAIL GROCERS.

W. C. STRONACH & CO.

Grocers and General Commission Merchants,

52, FAYETTEVILLE STREET,

Raleigh, N. C.

Consignments of all kinds of Country Produce Solicited.

G. T. STRONACH,

MARKET SQUARE, RALEIGH, N. C.,

DEALER IN

GROCERIES, LIQUORS, SADDLERY, BOOTS, SHOES, &c., &c.

Buys and sells Cotton, Naval Stores, Tobacco, &c. july 2-tf

G. T. STRONACH,

COTTON FACTOR

Wholesale and Retail Grocer

DEALER IN HARNESS, SHOES, SADDLERY, FARMING UTENSILS, BOOTS,

Wholesale Dealer in Whiskies, Brandies and a fine supply of Family Liquors always on draft.

Corn Whiskey warranted to be the best, Bumgardner's Pure Rye.

Buys and sells Cotton and Naval Stores.

MARKET ST., RALEIGH, N. C.

nov 8-tf

FANCY GROCERIES.

WE ARE TO-DAY RECEIVING AND HAVE in Store.

Hominy, Catsups and Sauces,
Sago, Assorted Extracts,
Pearl Barley, Pine Apple Cheese,
Split Peas, Fox Crackers,
Tapioca Farina, Lemon Crackers,
Chocolate, Cream Crackers,
Cocoa, Soda Crackers,
Preserved Ginger, Jellies,
Dried Beef, Pickles,
Deviled Lobster,
&c., &c.

W. C. STRONACH & CO.

nov 22-tf

CALF AND KIP SKINS AND A SUPPLY OF Sole Leather.

W. C. STRONACH & CO.

nov 22-tf

Groceries, &c.

100 SACKS LIVERPOOL FINE SALT, "Worthington."
100 Bags Shot.
100,000 G. D. and Water-proof Caps.
500 lbs F F F Powder.
50 kegs Old Dominion Nails.
40 bbls. Refined Brown and E. I. Sugars.
25 sacks Rio, Lag. and Java Coffee.
200 lbs. best Brands Green and Black Teas.
25 boxes Brown Soap.
25 " Candles.
25 bbls and Boxes Soda, and Starch.
50 Reams Wrapping Paper.

In Store at

oct 8-tf B. P. WILLIAMSON'S.

Mullets.

75 BARRELS VERY FAT and fresh, just received direct from the Fishery on consignment.

nov 25-tf B. P. WILLIAMSON.

FLOUR.

50 Barrels "R. A. Jenkins" Family Flour.
25 " " Extra "
equal to any Flour in this market, in Store and to be sold on shippers account.

nov 25-tf B. P. WILLIAMSON.

LARD.

25 Fifty pound Packages best Lard,
5 Tierces "
nov 25-tf B. P. WILLIAMSON.

WHISKIES.

Choice North Carolina Whiskies and Brandies on Draft, I know them to be safe and I keep no other.

nov 25-tf B. P. WILLIAMSON.

MARCOM & ALFORD,

Dealers in

Groceries, Confectionery, &c.

RED FRONT, HARGET ST., RALEIGH, N. C.

Nov 3-tf

MEAL, MEAL.

70 Bushels Corn Meal for sale by

nov 3-tf MARCOM & ALFORD.

BACON! BACON!

SUPERIOR Western and N. C. Hams for sale by

nov 3-tf MARCOM & ALFORD.

FLOUR! FLOUR! —By the barrel and sack.

nov 3-tf MARCOM & ALFORD.

NEW RIVER MULLETS,

JUST received and for sale by

nov3-tf MARCOM & ALFORD.

Leather! Leather!

UPPER AND SOLE LEATHER.

ALSO,

AXES, Cutlery, Spun Cotton, Brushes, Spices, Teas, Baskets and almost every thing required in a family, for sale by

MARCOM & ALFORD'S.

nov 3-tf Red Front, Harget St.

Shoes! Shoes!

A FINE assortment of Fine and Brogan Shoes, For sale by

nov 3-tf MARCOM & ALFORD.

LIQUORS,

LIQUORS,

LIQUORS,

I HAVE ON HAND THE LARGEST AND best assorted stock of Pure Liquors in the State and which I propose to sell at Northern prices. Call, examine and see

nov 22-tf G. T STRONACH.

P. C. CHRISTOPHERS,

DEALER IN

FAMILY GROCERIES,

NORTH SIDE OF MARKET SQUARE,

[Stone Building recently occupied by Jeff. Fisher.]

RALEIGH, N. C.,

HAS JUST RECEIVED A NICE LOT OF Family Groceries: N. O. Va. and Western Bacon, North Carolina and Baltimore City Lard, A superior lot of North Carolina Flour Also Corn, Meal, Mackerel by the kit, and Mullets by the barrel and in small quantities to suit families. Also Superior Western New York

DAIRY BUTTER,

Which I will keep on hand regularly. Call and examine it.

oct 18-tf

LIME! LIME!!

NOW RECEIVING A LARGE SUPPLY OF Fresh burnt Rock Lime which will be sold at reduced prices to dealers and contractors in quantity.

Also, can supply any quantity of Agricultural Lime by the Ton at lowest rates.

JAMES M. TOWLES,

Dec 9-tf Com. Merchant.

WHOLESALE & RETAIL GROCERS,

LYNN ADAMS,

WHOLESALE & RETAIL

GROCER,

COTTON FACTOR, COMMISSION, SHIPPING AND FORWARDING MERCHANT,

AND DEALER IN

Iron, Hardware, Plows, Shoes, Dry Goods and Cotton Yarn,

No. 5 Market Square, South Side,

RALEIGH, N. C.

I RETURN MY THANKS FOR THE VERY liberal patronage extended to me by my friends and the public generally, for the last 20 years, and hope, by strict and prompt attention to all business entrusted to me, to merit the confidence of the public, and the influence of my friends. An experience of 20 years will enable me to attend strictly to all shipments and consignments.

All letters of inquiry promptly answered, and best possible information furnished.

Refers to the principal business men of the State. aug 25-3m

MARYLAND AND NORTH CAROLINA Flour in store and for sale by

nov 26-tf LYNN ADAMS.

Lime! Lime!! Lime!!!

80 BARRELS FOR PLASTERING PURposes &c., in Store.

For sale by

nov 26-tf LYNN ADAMS.

50 BARRELS FLOUR IN store and for sale by LYNN ADAMS.

nov 26-tf

W. H. JONES & CO.,

AUCTION

AND

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

RALEIGH, N. C.

sept 27-tf

Great Decline in Groceries!

FLOUR, LOWER THAN EVER

(100 Barrels, all grades)

COFFEE,

(25 Sacks, all kinds)

SUGARS. A, Crushed. C Extra. Refined Yellow, Porto Rico.

GOOD MOLASSES

AND CHOICE SYRUPS,

BACON HAMS, SHOULDERS AND SIDES.

Lard in boxes buckets Kegs and Barrels,

BOXES CANDLES, SOAP, STARCH,

PRIME WHITE MEAL,

ALL THESE GOODS ARE

GOING AT

REDUCED PRICES!!!

DOUGLAS BELL,

nov 27-tf Fayetteville Street.

MISCELLANEOUS.

IMPORTANT LAND SALE.

PURSUANT to an order of the Superior Court of Wake county, made at Fall Term, 1869, I shall sell at public auction, at the Court House door in the City of Raleigh, at 12 o'clock M., on Thursday the 23rd day of December, 1869, the following tract of land, the property of George H. Faribault, adjoining the lands of John Graffia, Ransom Pool, Hardy Pool and J. B. Sturdivant, lying and being on Neuse River, and containing 330 acres, more or less.

This land will be sold in separate tracts, or in one tract, as the creditors may direct on day of sale.

Terms of sale—Cash.

JOHN N. BUNTING,

nov 25-410 Commissioner.

Notice.

OFFICE NORTH CAROLINA LAND CO., RALEIGH, N. C., Feb. 27, 1869.

This Company makes no charge for advertising Lands, Farms, Houses, Mines, &c., placed with them for sale. They only charge 5 per cent. on the amount obtained, and this not until the sale is perfected.

GEORGE LITTLE, President.

R. W. BEST, Sec. & Treas.

Feb. 27-tf

WIDE SWEDE IRON, 6 8, 9, 10, 11 and 12 inches wide. Just received and for sale low by

GILLIAM & DUNLOP,

121 Sycamore St.,

Oct 29-3m Petersburg, Va.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT APPLIcation will be made to the present General Assembly of North Carolina for an extension of the corporation limits of the Town of Franklinton, in Franklin county; and for certain alterations in the Charter of said Town.

nov 27-6tw

SECUNDUS NULLI.

Professor Mowbray,

GRADUATE OF EDINBURG SCOTLAND, NEW YORK, PHILADELPHIA,

AND

CHAPEL HILL N. C.

HAS OPENED an Institution in Raleigh, for the manufacture of

Boots and Shoes,

in which will be taught and exemplified the science of

BOOT-and-SHOEOLOGY

in all its perfection. He can be found over D. C. Murray's Store, Fayetteville St., from 8 o'clock A. M., to 11 o'clock P. M.

N B. He makes the neatest and best Boots and Gaiters ever seen on either side of the line of Dixie.

The Ladies. God bless them! can be suited with anything from a Utility Gaiter to a Broadway Slipper, with the Grecian Bend best neatly attached.

nov. 24-2w

FOR SALE.

A LOT OF TWENTY-ONE FEET FRONT ON Fayetteville Street in the City of Raleigh situated between the lots of Jno. G. Williams and T. R. Fentress, the property of Phil Tabb, is offered for sale.

For terms apply to undersigned.

W. S. MASON,

nov 9-tf Attorney

BOOK STORES.

A STANDARD HISTORY BY

GEN. LEE.

A Work of National and Permanent Value.

MEMOIRS OF THE WAR,

By Gen. Henry Lee.

("LIGHT HORSE HARRY")

Thoroughly Revised and Annotated, BY GEN. ROBERT E. LEE.

WHO HAS ADDED A FULL BIOGRAPHY OF HIS FATHER,

1 vol. octavo, 640 pages, with new Steel Portraits of Gen. Henry Lee, Gen. Robert E. Lee, and Gen. Nathaniel Greene; beautiful Steel Engravings of "Marion Crossing the Pedee," and the "Surrender of Cornwallis;" Maps of the Siege of Charleston, S. C.; the siege of Yorktown, Va.; the Battle fought near Camden; the Battle of Guilford; the Battle of Hobkirk's Hill; and a sketch of Gen. Henry Lee's residence.

This admirable history of the operations of the American Armies during the Revolutionary War in the Southern Department of the United States is the standard work on the subject of which it treats; and this new edition, revised, corrected, and enlarged by Gen. Robert E. Lee, the distinguished son of the author, and embellished by elegant Engravings, and original Maps never before published, is a volume of the highest value to every intelligent person.

This history has been for a long time out of print, and because of its accuracy as a history of that interesting period and that there was no work to supply its place, it was much sought for and a new edition demanded.

It is seldom that a historical work by a distinguished author has the advantage of a revision by so distinguished a son, and both of them great military leaders in the same section of the country.

Gen. Lee receives a LARGE COPYRIGHT UPON EVERY COPY OF THE BOOK SOLD. Sold only by subscription.

PRICE:—Handsomely bound in Cloth, $4 00.
" " Half Calf 6 00.

J. A. JONES,

Agent for Wake County.

The Books are now in Store, and can be had at any time. Send to any address upon receipts of price.

nov 25-tf

NEW MUSIC! NEW MUSIC!!

POPULAR SONGS.

'Dont you go, Tommy"	40 cents.
Ring the Bell Softly	40 "
Song of the Sea Shell	40 "
Pretty Little Flora	30 "
Our Sweet Hearts at Home	35 "
Olden Memories of Thee	30 "
Nellie Dear, Good Bye	30 "
Nellie ann I	75 "
Nora O'Neal	40 "
Dreaming of Home and Mother	35 "
Under the Daisies	40 "
When Twilight Woos the Silver Sea	40 "
The Old Sexton	60 "
Write Me a Letter from Home	40 "
When you and I were Young Maggie	30 "
Daisy Dear	35 "

Also, many comic ballads, and a large and varied assortment of popular Instrumental Pieces. Music sent by mail free of postage. A liberal discount to teachers and the trade.

J. H. ENNIS, Ag't.,

dec 3-tf N. C. Bookstore.

The Great

STATE ALMANAC!

WHAT THE PRESS SAYS OF IT.

Turners N. C. Almanac for 1870.—This is a great Almanac. We have examined it and pronounce it the best Almanac published in the State.—Ridgeway Press.

Turners North Carolina Almanac for 1870 is the very best yet.—Episcopal Methodist.

This Celebrated Almanac is one of the best now published.—Wilmington Morning Post.

It is worth double the price asked for it, every farmer should have it.—Salisbury Examiner.

Merchants buying this Almanac may rely upon its being the most popular and saleable Almanac ever published in the State.

Price single copy 10 cents, 1 dozen 75 cents and free of postage, wholesale price 4 Gross $4 00; per hundred $5 00; per Gross $7.00.

Western counties supplied by addressing,

JAS. H. ENNIS, Bookseller

Salisbury.

Eastern counties supplied by addressing

JAS. H. ENNIS, Bookseller,

nov 6-tf Raleigh, N. C.

MISCELLANEOUS.

NOTICE TO THE ENTERPRISING.

I PURPOSE TO LEAVE HOME, ABOUT THE 10th of January next, for North West Louisiana, and wish to engage from 12 to 20 able bodied men, black and white (small families no objection) to open up to Cotton cultivation, several tracts of Land, partially improved; consisting of choice selections of uplands on, and near the West Bank of the Ouachita (called Washita) River; and bottom lands on the East side of said river, as also on the Bœuff River and its tributaries. All immediately on navigable streams; and producing 1½ to 2 Bales Cotton per acre under good cultivation and favorable seasons. They abound in the very best Staves and Ship Cypress, and pine timber. Card wood for steamboats and Rafting timber for the sugar plantations, lower down on the Mississippi River. Health about equal to that of Eastern North Carolina.

Enterprising men willing and competent to embark in the lumber business, in any of its forms, will find a most ample field for large profits. The price of Cypress plank is from $25 to $3; per thousand; of pine from $20 to $25, both greatly in demand along the Ouachita and its navigable tributaries. Day laborers get good rations and 15 to 20 dollars per month; Mechanics from 2 to 6 dollars per day.

Shoemakers, Tanners, Blacksmiths, Wheelwrights and especially Gin-wrights can find ready employment in the vicinity of these lands. About $30 emigrant rates, and about $60 Passenger rates only, will be required, to get each one through. I propose to superintend in person as many of those places, as I can procure suitable settlers for each emigrant when arrived, may according to agreement, work for wages, or on shares; or may purchase the lands on 5 years credit, paying 8 per cent. interest on the present agreed price.

ALSO,

Wanted, Tenants, for Four small places in Franklin county lying six miles from Franklinton Depot, in good condition for the next crop. I can furnish a few superior cows and stock hogs for all these places, upon easy terms to the occupant.

ALSO.

Wanted, to lease for 3 years, all the premises on which I reside, (on the northern limits of the City of Raleigh) except my dwelling house, the Lawn and about one third of the Garden. The premises to rent consist of 1 dwelling House with Kitchen and Garden, now renting for $15 per month, also 2 small Houses for laborers renting for $4 each per month, 10 or more acres of freshly turned Clover-Sod, Brick Barn with stalls for 7 Head of Horses and Cattle, Carriage House and Cistern, Wagon Shed, Stock Lots with constant water, 300 bearing Fruit Trees. My half of a Nursery, containing 4 000 Apple, 1,500 Pear, 2,000 Peach Scions grafted and budded last season, besides, Osage Orange and other plants for hedges, flower garden &c. Farm and Garden Tools can be had with these premises. Terms half cash in advances, balance at end of each year.

C. B. HARRISON.

dec. 1-daw3w.

PETERSBURG ADVERTISEMENTS.

J. E. VENABLE. HENRY E. WILLIAMSON.

J. E. VENABLE & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

BUY AND SELL ON COMMISSION

Tobacco, Cotton, Grain, &c.

Constantly on hand a large stock of Manufactured Tobacco and the Celebrated

CAROLINA BELLE SNUFF,

No. 3, Iron Front, Sycamore St.,

Petersburg Va.

July 14-6m.

R. A. YOUNG. JNO. B. YOUNG

R. A. YOUNG & BRO.,

GENERAL

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

No. 4 Iron Front Building,

PETERSBURG, Va.,

Inform their friends in N. C. that they have ample arrangements for receiving and selling consignments of COTTON, TOBACCO and other PRODUCE, either in this market or through their friends in New York.

They are prepared to furnish samples at the LOWEST MARKET RATES. The senior partner devotes his personal and unremitting attention to the business, and his old friends and the public generally may rely on the promptness and despatch of any business entrusted to their care.

sept 2-3m*

DRUG TRADE.

JORDAN & CARR,

(Successors to Geo. B. Jones & Co.)

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

DRUGGISTS,

Sycamore, Corner Washington Street.

PETERSBURG, Va.,

INVITE ATTENTION TO THEIR LARGE and well selected stock of

DRUGS,
MEDICINES,
PAINTS, OILS,
VARNISHES, DYE STUFFS,
WINDOW GLASS, BRUSHES, COMBS,
FANCY AND TOILET ARTICLES,
PERFUMERY, SOAPS,
TOBACCO,
SNUFF,

And every article usually kept by an extensive, first-class house.

MERCHANTS, PHYSICIANS and others are earnestly invited to examine their stock and prices. sept 11-3m

DAVIS, DRAKE & CO.

DEALERS IN

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC

DRY GOODS,

YANKEE NOTIONS,

CARPETS, RUGS, &c.,

SYCAMORE STREET, COR. OF BANK,

PETERSBURG, Va.,

RESPECTFULLY ANNOUNCE TO THE Wholesale Trade of

NORTH CAROLINA AND VIRGINIA

That their stock of

FALL GOODS,

Adapted to the wants of this section, will be complete by the 15th of September, and will consist in part of Full lines of

Brown Shirtings	Bed Ticks
Brown Sheetings	Hickory Shirtings
Bleached Sheetings	Kerseys
Canaburgs	Linseys
Brown Drills	Sattinets
Bleached Drills	Kentucky Jeans
Bleached Shirtings	Plaid Domestics
Blankets	Plaid Cloths
Shawls.	Cassimeres.

ALSO

A Large Line of

DRESS GOODS,

YANKEE NOTIONS, CARPETS, RUGS, &c., &c.

Together making a stock, the

LARGEST IN THE STATE,

and one that will compare favorably with any SOUTH OF NEW YORK,

and which we will sell at guaranteed

BALTIMORE PRICES,

And on SAME TERMS!

We invite an examination of the same from every merchant visiting our city, as we feel confident of our ability to suit them in every respect.

DAVIS, DRAKE & CO.,

Corner of Bank & Sycamore Streets.

sept 4-d3m

WATSON'S

PHOTOGRAPH GALLERY,

RALEIGH, N. C.

Second door from Tucker Hall, Fayetteville St.

ALL STYLES of Photographs, Ambrotypes, Gems, &c., executed in the best style.

A fine assortment of Frames, Cases, Albums, &c., on hand, in which pictures will be placed at low prices.

oct 26-tf J. W. WATSON.

Geo. P. Thomas & Co.

DEALERS IN

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC

LIQUORS,

No. 385 W. Baltimore Street,

BALTIMORE.

nov 22-3m

BALTIMORE ADVERTISEMENTS.

ESTABLISHED 1850.

L. D. DIETZ & CO.,

IMPORTERS & DEALERS IN

NOTIONS,

Fancy GOODS, HOSIERY, GLOVES, &c.

305 W. Baltimore Street,

Between Howard & Liberty.

BALTIMORE.

sept 25-3m

SAMUEL KIRK & SON,

172 W. Baltimore Street. 172

BALTIMORE, Md.

MANUFACTURERS OF ELEGANT

SILVER WARE,

WATCHES AND FINE JEWELRY.

sept 25-3m Established 1817.

ROSWELL, SLACK & CO.,

General Commission Merchants.

60 South St., BALTIMORE Md.

LIBERAL ADVANCES MADE ON CONSIGNMENTS of Cotton, Tobacco, Wool, Rice, Flour, Grain and Country Produce of every description.

sept 25-3m*

HERBERT & HAIRSTON'S

AMMONIATED SOLUBLE

PHOSPHATE LIME.

MANUFACTURED & WARRANTED BY

HERBERT & HAIRSTON,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

No 10 Camden Street, Baltimore, Md.

Sept 9-3m

DR. KIERSTEAD'S

UNRIVALED REMEDY,

THE

KING OF ALL PAIN,

THE GREAT INTERNAL AND EXTERNAL MEDICINE, WILL CURE

Headache in 5 min'ts	Toothache in 1 minute
Neuralgia,	Sprains,
Rheumatism,	Diarrhœa,
Coughs and Cold,	Fever and Ague,
Cramps and Colic,	Cholera Morbus,
Inflamation of the Kidneys.	
Piles,	Burns, Pain Stomach,

and many other diseases and ailments of the human body, too numerous to enumerate.

It is a Diuretic curing diseases of the Kidneys and Bladder. It is a Tonic and Stimulant, giving an appetite and invigorating the system. It is a Diaphoretic, causing perspiration and allaying fever. It is an Expectorant acting on the Lungs, and good in all Throat and Lung diseases.

There is not a pain or ache, nervous or inflammatory, but that the King of all Pain will relieve and in most instances entirely cure. It should always be used before any other remedy is tried, for it is almost certain in every case to be the only thing needed.

PRICE 50 CENTS PER BOTTLE.

Sold by all Druggists, Apothecaries, and Dealers everywhere.

W. H. Brown & Brother,

SOLE PROPRIETORS,

Wholesale Druggists, Baltimore, Md.

sept 15-3m

J. J. BIGGS,

COTTON FACTOR,

AND GENERAL

COMMISSION MERCHANT,

No. 51 Thaft Street,

BALTIMORE.

Liberal advances made on Cotton and other Produce in hand.

REFERS TO

Hon. Geo. Howard, Tarboro', N. C.; M. Bountree & Co., Wilson, N. C.; Jno. O. Williams & Co., Raleigh, N. C.; Maj. J. M. Mayo, Whitaker, N. C.; Jno. Myers' Sons, Washington, N. C.; Boston & Harrison, Boykins, Va.; R. A. Martin & Co., Petersburg, Va.; Kader Biggs & Co., Norfolk, Va.; Col. Wm. Lamb, Norfolk; Robt. Tannahill, New York; Dr. P. F. Clements, Baltimore.

sept 29-3m

JAMES M. COULTER,

48 South Frederick Street,

BALTIMORE, Md.,

Importer and Dealer in all descriptions of

IRON AND STEEL,

FOR AGRICULTURAL, MANUFACTURING AND MINING PURPOSES.

Always on hand, a well assorted stock of refined Iron from the best American Mills, Swedes and Norway Iron, Plough Steel, &c.

Orders carefully and promptly executed at favorable Market rates.

oct 9-dw3m

CANFIELD, BRO. & CO.,

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN

WATCHES, JEWELRY,

Silver Ware, Diamonds, Pearls, Bronzes, Clocks, Fancy Goods, &c.

229 Baltimore Street, BALTIMORE, Md.

Dealers are invited to examine our stock.

Agents for Waltham American Watches.

oct 18-dw3m

IMPORTANT TO MILL OWNERS!

JOHN A. McMANNEN'S

CELEBRATED IMPROVED

SMUT AND SCREENING MACHINE,

COMBINED WITH

GODFREY'S ATMOSPHERIC

FLOUR COOLER

AND

BOLT CLEANER.

THIS COMBINATION perfects the art of making Flour, and without it no mill is complete. I wish to make my hearty acknowledgements to the

3,500 Mill Owners

who have patronized me in the purchase of my SMUT MACHINE, and say to them that I have a few more of "the same sort left," and solicit a continuance of their patronage. Will furnish the Atmospheric Cooler for $50, and Smut Machine at $150, single, and 10 per cent off for the two combined. Exchange for old machines.—Furnish Shoes, Concaves, best quality Bolting Cloths, Burr and Esopus Millstones, Mill Irons. Also Millers and Millwrights. All persons wishing their Millstones dressed and put in the very best grinding order, with important instructions given in regard to grinding, will please address me, at Damascus, Orange Co., N. C.

JNO. A. McMANNEN,

oct 8-dw1w2m General Mill Agent.

NOTICE.

HAVING LOST CERTIFICATE No. 902, of stock in the North Carolina Railroad Company, at the end of 30 days I will apply for a duplicate of said Certificate.

nov 25-1m THOMAS H. TURNER.

NEW YORK ADVERTISEMENTS.

DR. RICHAU'S

GOLDEN REMEDIES.

$1.000 REWARD for any case of disease in any stage which they fail to cure.

Dr. Richau's Golden Balsam No. 1 cures Ulcers, Ulcerated Sore Throat and Mouth, Sore Eyes, Eruptions, Copper colored Blotches, scrofula, &c.; is the greatest Purifier Known, removes all disease from the system, and leaves the blood pure and healthy.

Dr. Richau's Golden Balsam No. 2 cures Sexual Affections when taken in all its forms, gives immediate relief in all cases. No dieting necessary. Price of either No. 1 or No. 2, $5.00 per bottle, or two bottles for $9.00.

Dr. Richau's Golden Arcanum, a safe, speedy, pleasant and radical cure for all Urinary Derangements accompanied with full directions. Price $3.00 per bottle.

Dr. Richau's Golden Elixir d'Amour, a radical cure for Nervous or General Debility, in old or young; imparting energy with wonderful effect. Price $5.00 per bottle or two bottles for $9.00.

On receipt of price, these Remedies will be shipped to any place.

Address Dr. D. B. RICHARDS,

No. 229 Varick St., New York.

July 26-dly Circulars sent.

RICHMOND ADVERTISEMENTS.

To the Merchants of North Carolina.

W. W. TRIBBETT,

MANUFACTURER AND WHOLESALE DEALER IN

CONFECTIONERIES!

No. 1,116 Main Street,

RICHMOND, Va.

WILL TAKE OLD SCRAP IRON, RAGS, Bones, &c., and sell them for the highest market prices, and will send the merchant the amount in Confectioneries, at the

LOWEST CASH PRICES.

He sells his goods at Baltimore prices, and guarantees his Cakes and Candies to be equal, if not superior to any Northern Manufactory.

W. W. TRIBBETT is the proprietor of the celebrated

Vermifex, or Worm Confections,

The formula for which was furnished him by a distinguished Physician of Richmond Va. This preparation is not only harmless and agreeable to the child, but is warranted to destroy worms of every kind. The children will eat them and cry for more. Buy a box and try them.

Address W. W. TRIBBETT,

sept 9-3m Richmond, Va.

MISCELLANEOUS.

WARRENTON FEMALE COLLEGE,

Warrenton, N. C.

THE Next Session will begin on WEDNESDAY, the 12th January, 1870.

With a most healthy location, the comforts of a home, a very efficient faculty, and all the appliances necessary to a first class Female College, this Institution offers superior advantages for educational purposes.

Charges per session of 20 weeks

Board (exclusive of washing and lights,) $75.00

Tuition in regular College course, 25.00

Charges for extra studies, moderate.

Board and a small sum for books &c., IN ADVANCE.

For circulars containing particulars, apply to

T. M. JONES, President.

nov 25-tf

LAND FOR SALE.

I PROPOSE TO SELL SUCH portion of my Marsh Creek Plantation, five miles from Raleigh, (the R. & G. Railroad running through it,) with a warehouse on it, as lies between the Rogers Road and Forestville Road, containing about

600 ACRES.

Half of which is wood land, and about 60 Acres Low Grounds. It will be divided if desired to suit purchasers. Plots of it may be seen on application to me at home. If not disposed of privately before Saturday the 18th of December prox., it will be sold publicly on that day, in Raleigh, in front of B. P. Williamson's store, at 12 o'clock, M. Terms Liberal.

nov. 14th 1869-td. W. R. MILLER.

Edgecombe Land For Sale.

I DESIRE TO SELL A PORTION OF MY Land in Edgecombe county, situated on the north side of Tar River, half way between Rocky Mount and Tarboro and within six miles of a shipping point on the Wilmington & Weldon Railroad.

The tract containing Twenty-six hundred and fifty (2,650) acres. On it there is a comfortable Dwelling House, with eight rooms, all the necessary out-houses. New barns, horse stables, Gin house &c., all in good repair.

This is considered one of the best Cotton Farms in the county, and the crop now on it, after such unfavorable seasons is ample proof of its advantages, as to fertility &c.

I propose to sell ONE HALF, say thirteen hundred (1300) acres which may be sub divided into two or more farms, to suit parties wishing to purchase.

Capt. B. B. Guion my Agent will take pleasure in showing the place and giving all information desired. If not disposed of sooner, I will on Monday the 20th of December, next offer it to the highest bidder, on the premises, in tracts of three, four and five hundred acres. I will also sell, mules, horses, stock of all kinds, Corn, peas fodder and farming implements.

Terms very liberal, made known on day of sale.

HENRY MORDECAI.

Raleigh, Nov 17-td

Standard, Tarboro' Southerner, Wilmington Journal copy till day and send bill to this office

DUNSTON & PATTERSON,

Barbers and Hair Dressers,

ONE DOOR BELOW TELEGRAPH OFFICE,

FAYETTEVILLE ST., RALEIGH, N. C.,

OFFER their services to the citizens of Raleigh and the public generally.

"Charlie," the well known Yarborough House Barber, who always merited such a large amount of patronage, has associated with him Alfred Patterson, equally known in the tonsorial line as second to none, and will be pleased to have all of his friends call and see him.

Clean towels sharp razors, and polite attention always on hand.

nov 5-1m

Lot in Raleigh for Sale.

UNDER A DECREE OF THE SUPERIOR Court of Wake County, I will on Wednesday the 22nd day of December 1869, expose to public sale, at the Court House door in Raleigh, a lot of land in the Eastern Ward of the City, fronting on Davie Street and adjoining the lots of Dr. F. J. Haywood and Nicholas V. Denton, the said lot belonging to the estate of the late Patrick Ferrall, containing about one-half acre.

TERMS.—A credit of six months will be given, and bond with good security required.

MARGARET FERRALL,

Adm'x. and Commissioner.

nov 24 1m*

Upholstering in all its Branches.

MATTRASSES MADE AND

REPAIRED.

RUFUS B. HARRISON & BROTHER, HAVE opened a shop in the Exum House, a few doors North of the Yarborough House, on Fayetteville Street, where they will be pleased to receive orders for work in their line.

They have employed one of the best Mattress Makers in the State, and will guarantee to give entire satisfaction to on b mers.

Prices at the very lowest living figures.

Carpets made and put down, walls papered, and all other work in that line done at shortest notice.

nov 5-tf

FIRE INSURANCE.

FIRE! FIRE! FIRE!

NORTH CAROLINA

HOME INSURANCE COMPANY

Authorized Capital, - - $600,000
Amount Liable for Losses, 197,630

TWENTY THOUSAND DOLLARS

Deposited with the Public Treasurer for the security of Policy-Holders.

INSURES BUILDINGS, FURNITURE, MERCHANDISE AND OTHER PROPERTY, AGAINST LOSS OR DAMAGE BY FIRE,

ON THE MOST FAVORABLE TERMS

The success which has thus far attended the operations of this Company is almost unprecedented. The indications are gratifying that the insurers of property in North Carolina are disposed to patronize and build up a first-class HOME COMPANY.

Local Agents in nearly all the cities, towns and villages in the State.

JAMES H. FOOTE,

SEATON GALES, Secretary, President.

W. H. HUMROOM, Local Agent and Att'y.

Sept 4-tf

MISCELLANEOUS

Dunn's Self-Adjusting Cotton Tie.

HAVING RECEIVED A CONSIGNMENT OF the above Tie direct from the manufacturer's, in England, we are prepared to fill orders and recommend this Tie to the planters of North Carolina as far unequalled in convenience and simplicity by any in the market.

Samples can be seen at L. H. Adams and Lynn Adams, Esqs., Raleigh.

McILWAINE & CO.,

sept 14-3m Petersburg, Va.

ROCK ISLAND

MANUFACTURING COMPANY.

Manufacturers of and Wholesale Dealers in Cassimeres, Flannels, Jeans, and other Woolen Goods,

CHARLOTTE, N. C.

J. A. YOUNG, Pres't.

C. SCOTT, Agent. JNO. WILKES, Treas'r.

sept 28 d3m

MANHOOD.

A MEDICAL ESSAY ON THE CAUSE AND CURE OF PREMATURE DECLINE IN MAN, the Treatment of Nervous and Sexual Debility, etc.

"There is no member of society by whom this book will not be found useful, whether such person holds the relation of Parent, Preceptor, or Clergyman."—Medical Times and Gazette.

Sent by mail on receipt of fifty cents. Address the Author, Dr. S. DE F. CURTIS,

aug 27-d&wly Washington, D. C.

WM. R. PEPPER. JOHN O'CONNOR.

PEPPER & O'CONNOR'S

RESTAURANT.

THIRD DOOR BELOW TUCKER HALL,

Fayetteville Street, RALEIGH, N. C.

THE SUBSCRIBERS RESPECTFULLY inform the public that they have become associated in the proprietorship and management of the above named well known Restaurant, with a determination to maintain its present high reputation, and of deserving further patronage.

The entire premises are now being remodeled, thoroughly renovated and handsomely decorated at a heavy outlay.

NEW BAR,

NEW FIXTURES,

NEW DINING ROOMS,

NEW KITCHENS, &c., &c.

The best Wines, Liquors, Cigars, &c., to be procured in the first markets of the country.

THE LARDER.

This being Mr. PEPPER'S specialty, the Larder will be under his sole control. Every delicacy of the season may be procured AT ALL HOURS OF THE DAY OR NIGHT.

THE BILLIARD HALL.

JAMES B. MARVIN, the celebrated Billiard Player, has undertaken the management and superintendence of this department. Mr. M. will, at all times be pleased to exhibit his skill in the wonderful art, to all who admire the intricacies of the game.

It is the purpose of the undersigned to make the Restaurant one of the first in the South, and with ample means, untiring energy and many years of experience, they feel certain of success.

W. R. PEPPER,

oct 13-d3m JOHN O'CONNOR.

JOHN B. NEAL, WM. J. BAKER

JNO. B. NEAL & CO.,

COTTON FACTORS

AND

General COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

Agents for the Patapsco Guano Co.,

NORFOLK, Va.

Refers to Gov Thos. Bragg, W. H. Jones & Co., Geo. W. Mordecai, Esq; W. M. Boylan, Esq., of Raleigh; R. H. Smith & co, and Nash; Hon. W. N. H. Smith, Murfreesboro'; General Robt. Ransom Wilmington; Exchange National Bank, Norfolk, Hon. David A. Barnes, Jackson, N. C., Col. W. F. Martin, Elizabeth City, N. C.

oct 11-daf

NEW GOODS

AT HILLSBORO'.

"The Largest, Best Assorted Stock in the State at Retail Only."

HAVING STRUCK "THE MARKET" when

Best Prints were 16 cts. per yard.
New York Mills 20 "
Gold 20 "

I think Orange, Alamance Wake, Granville, Person and Caswell can buy goods cheap at "Farmers' Hall," Hillsboro', of

oct 19-54wtf HENRY N. BROWN.

LAND FOR SALE.

I OFFER FOR SALE all the land belonging to the estate of the late Lawrence Rinson, excepting that covered by the Widow's dower.

A plot of it may be seen in a few days, at B. F. Williamson's.

If not disposed of privately before Saturday 18th, it will be sold to the highest bidder on that day, in front of B. F. Williamson's store, at 12 o'clock.

This land fronts on the Fayetteville Road and is 2½ miles from Raleigh. There is about six hundred Acres, which will be divided to suit purchasers. Terms very liberal

nov. 24 td. DAVID RINSON, Exr.

DR. J. H. CRAWFORD,

DENTAL SURGEON,

HAS REMOVED FROM HIS OLD PLACE OF business, to the room over Mr. Hunter's store, East side Fayetteville street, and formerly occupied by Dr. Babcock, where he will be pleased to see his old friends and customers and others desiring his services.

Returns thanks for the liberal patronage which he has received.

nov 23 1m

THE SENTINEL.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

Daily, twelve months	$10 00
" six "	5 00
" three "	3 00
" one "	1 00
Semi-Weekly, twelve months	5 00
" six "	2 50
" three "	1 50
Weekly, twelve months	3 00
" six "	1 50
" three "	0 75

JOSIAH TURNER, Jr., EDITOR.

TUESDAY, DECEMBER 7, 1869.

YADKIN COURT.

We made a flying visit to Yadkin last week. We had not been long seated in the car for the West, when in stepped General Littlefield, the Governor's State Printer, flying from the investigation which the Legislature had instituted relative to the frauds committed in the use of State bonds; close behind him was the old pumpkin red, Pilgrim Ashley, Superintendent of Public Instruction.

Littlefield did not look as if he had done anything mean or was running away; we can't say as much for the Pilgrim, yet it was Littlefield, that was running and not the Pilgrim. The Public Treasurer was also aboard, but not for the purpose of aiding General Littlefield in his flight. He, however, took lunch with the absconder on the train.

We left General Littlefield, the Pilgrim and the Treasurer on the train at High Point, and took the stage for Salem. Salem is very much such a place as it was thirty years ago, when we first saw that ancient town of the Dutch. They are industrious, enterprising people, neither fashionable or idle.

The School so favorably known throughout the South, is said to be in a more prosperous condition than at any time since the sad surrender, or to speak in phrase more loyal, at any time since the "great rebellion." We did not remain long enough to learn much of Salem, the stage driver, Mr. Maynard, informed us that the road from Salem to greensboro was nearly all graded.

At Salem our friend, Jo Williams, met us with a buggy and two horses, and we had a pleasant talk and drive to his house on the Yadkin, where we saw evidences of good husbandry and North Carolina hospitality. From Mr. Jo's we went to the hospitable home of his father, Mr. Nicholas P. Williams, known throughout the State as Nick Williams. Here some guests might have got drunk, but we did not, nor were we ever known thus to abuse a gentleman's hospitality, notwithstanding the latitude which Governor Holden once gave his pen and type about us.

From Mr. Nick Williams', his son Lewis drove us to Yadkinville, behind two beautiful ponies, Moonshine and Starlight. These ponies are well known in the city, having belonged to Governor Manly, who presented them to Mrs. Williams.

When we reached Yadkinville, a Railroad meeting was being held in the Court House. Judge Cloud was addressing the meeting as we entered the Court room; he was saying, "I will show you the folly of the Legislature in this act." After showing the folly of the Legislature, he talked hopefully of the Railroad which they might hope soon to see—they had the bonds in Salem, out of which to realize the money to build the Road, some of his hearers looked at each other and suppressed a laugh. When the Judge, taking the hint, said, "Oh, we don't expect to sell until the price of bonds improve a little." This is the first time we ever heard "the able bodied" play Cicero. Lamertine would call him "heavy in his eloquence," or, as Brutus said of himself, "he is no orator."

Daddy Cowles, "our son-in-law," followed Judge Cloud. They studied eloquence and rhetoric in the same school, for never two men spoke so much alike without the same instructor. Their gesticulation is alike, and made with both hands at the same time in quick perpendicular succession. It would have added utility to the blows of their eloquence if, with pestle in hand, they had expended their strength of arm upon a mortar of "big hominy," and have imparted interest to their subject, if they had looked occasionally at their audience instead of at their own feet and the ceiling above them. It may be this is done to imitate the Governor, who has never yet allowed any man to catch his eye, lest he should be able thereby to read the true purpose of his heart.

Daddy Cowles exhausted his audience before he did his subject, and when he had ocular demonstration of it, he reproved the audience by saying, "Railroads were of more importance than political squabbles." To "our son-in-law" was allotted the pleasing task of closing the Railroad entertainment, after which Jo Dobson introduced us to his people as a loyal man, ready to battle for the Union in 1860 61, when Scott and Greeley were saying, "wayward sisters depart in peace." We had a large and attentive audience, eager to hear from the hands in the capital. We told them much more than we can here repeat, about sheep, Bees, compost and clover; we begged to be excused, and they excused us from showing the folly of the Legislature. This, we said, had been so well done by Judge Cloud that it remained for us only to show their corruption, and this we did, more to the conviction than the satisfaction of Radicals. We did not see or hear a drunken man in the vast crowd which we addressed, nor on the streets or in the town.

When we concluded our speech, Mr. Tyre B. Glenn was ready to take us to his house on the Yadkin, where we spent the night with a genuine Yadkin gentleman.

From Yadkin we went to Randolph, of which we shall speak hereafter. Our trip to Yadkin was as pleasant as could be; a more generous or hospitable people are not to be found.

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT.

Some weeks ago, two citizens one from Harnett and the other from Wake, sat near us in the train. Heston, the carpet bag member of Congress, was also near. The citizen of Harnett said he sent 27 miles to the post office, and asked us how long such a state of things would continue. We told him he was as near the post office as his carpet bag member of Congress desired him to be, that we thought so long as the people sent carpet bag stragglers to Congress, just so long would they be without post offices, that it seemed to be a part of the plan of carpet baggers to keep the people without post offices. Now we have postal news from headquarters, the Post Master General writes us to "please inform the route agents running between Goldsboro' and Charlotte that he has established a post office called Wilson's Mills, and that George F. Uzzle is appointed Post Master." The agents will therefore notice this; we will also inform the Post Master General that some people in Harnett send 27 miles to the post office, while others in the State send 30 and even 40 miles to the post office, and all under the "best government the world ever saw."

THE LEGISLATURE YESTERDAY.

In the Senate Mr. Love introduced a number of resolutions putting some trouble some questions to the Code Commissioners, and also asking the Treasurer to give information about the 8,000 acre Penitentiary lands, and Chatham Road Coupons. Mr. Sweet introduced a resolution to pay a sum of money for a clerk to the Superintendent of Public Works. This looks odd when we remember that the Superintendent was running about all summer, crying for something to do, and the Governor would not let him have it.

The House spent the day on the resolution to send a sub Committee to New York for information of the bond frauds. As we predicted, the resolution passed on Saturday, to send a Committee of three to New York, was a Radical oversight—we knew they could not, and would not stand it.—And sure enough, on the House coming together yesterday morning, Mr. French moved to reconsider the resolution. Mr. Jarvis moved to lay the motion on the table, which was lost by 10 majority on a call of the yeas and nays. This indicates that the motion will be reconsidered and rescinded by about that majority.

Go ahead, gentlemen, the people understand all this. We intend to tell them, some of these days, *why* this Committee was asked for, and *why* it was refused. Rescind the resolution if you will; the object of sending the Committee *can* and *will* be accomplished, despite opposition. *You are cornered.*

The Legislature of North Carolina.

SENATE.

MONDAY, Dec. 6, 1869.

The Senate was called to order at 10 o'clock.

The President presented a communication from Mr. Barrow, declining to withdraw his resignation.

Mr. White, moved that the resignation be accepted.

Mr. Robbins made the point, that a tender of resignation by a member of the Senate necessarily vacates his seat, and it is not in order for the Senate to take any action upon it, either in the way of accepting or refusing to accept such resignation. The President ruled that the point was not well taken.

Mr. R appealed from the decision of the Chair.

Mr. Love, favored the position taken by the Senator from Rowan, and read the following act to sustain his position, to-wit:

Sec. 1st. *The General Assembly of North Carolina do enact*, That when a vacancy occurs in the General Assembly by death, resignation or otherwise, it shall be the duty of the Sheriff of the county in which the late member resided, provided the General Assembly shall not be in session, to notify the Governor of such vacancy, and in case the General Assembly shall be in session when such vacancy occurs, *it shall be the duty of the presiding officer of the House in which the vacancy occurs, to notify the Governor of the same, who shall thereupon issue a writ of election, &c.*

Mr. Sweet said it was a matter of some importance, and should be considered well before taking action; and moved that its further consideration be postponed for the present and that it be made the special order for to morrow at 11 o'clock, which motion prevailed.

REPORTS OF COMMITTEES.

Mr. Scott, from the Committee on Education, reported a substitute for the bill to define the duties of the County Commissioners in Henderson county in certain cases.

BILLS AND RESOLUTIONS.

By Mr. Blythe: A bill to facilitate the payment of county taxes, and to save expense to the counties. Referred.

By Mr. Love: A bill to charter the Whiteside Mountain Turnpike company.—Referred.

By the same: A bill to repeal sec. 8, chap. 41, of an ordinance of 1868. Referred. (If adopted will stop the payment of $7200, per year to the Code Commission.)

By the same: A resolution requesting the Code Commissioners, to report each for himself, what time he has served the State, in accordance with the wording of sec. 8, chap. 41, of an ordinance of 1868. Adopted.

By the same: A resolution requesting the Treasurer to report to the General Assembly what amounts, and for what months he has paid the Code Commissioners.—Adopted.

By the same: A resolution requesting the Treasurer, to inform the General Assembly what disposition has been made of the $100,000 in bonds issued to Pruyne and Heck, for the 5000 acre purchase for the penitentiary, and the $2,000,000 Chatham R. R. bonds declared unconstitutional; whether any of the coupons of said bonds have been presented or paid, and whether they can be distinguished from the coupons of other bonds, and if so how. Adopted.

By the same: A bill to incorporate Jamaluska Lodge. Referred.

By Mr. Sweet: A resolution instructing the Treasurer to pay G. O. Spooner $318.-60 for clerical services rendered in the office of the Superintendent of Public Works; passed its first reading.

By Mr. Lindsay: A resolution requesting the Treasurer to report to the General Assembly what amount he has paid out for extra clerical services, for what purpose said services were rendered, and the amount of time consumed by said clerks in performing these duties. Adopted.

By Mr. Cook: A resolution instructing the Committee on Finance to report the amount of expenditures made during the last fiscal year for each branch of each department of the State government, said report to be arranged in tabular form, and stating the name of each officer making the expenditure. The chief officer of each department shall furnish the Committee at once, with an estimate of the amount of money necessary to run their respective departments for the next fiscal year, and from said report the Committee shall report to the Senate the amount of money necessary to be raised, by taxation, to meet the expenses of the State government the incoming year. Lies over.

TRANSMITTED FROM THE HOUSE.

Bill to prohibit the sale of spirituous liquors within three miles of Clegg Copper Mine.

Bill to charter the Granville R. R. Company.

Bill to authorize Committees of investigation to enforce the attendance of witness es. On motion of Mr. Ethridge it was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

SPECIAL ORDER.

Bill to provide for the funding of the public debt. On motion of Mr. Sweet it was recommitted.

CALENDAR.

Bill to amend section 485, chap. 12, title 19, of the Code of Civil Procedure, passed its third reading.

Resolution (of Mr. Brogden) to declare a claim of R. S. Tucker, against the State, indefinitely postponed.

Mr. Winstead opposed the resolution, he thought it a strange manner of disposing of the subject, the report of the Committee had been made and it was entitled to a fair consideration from the Senate. It looked like there was too much eagerness on the part of some one to get rid of it, he hoped the resolution would not be adopted.

Mr. Martindale moved to lay the whole matter on the table, which motion prevailed. Yeas 21, nays 14.

Bill to repeal chapter 265 of the laws of 68 '69, relating to the registration of deeds, passed its third reading.

Bill to repeal the 9th section of an act suspending the Code of Civil Procedure in certain cases, with a substitute from the Committee, the substitute was rejected and the bill passed its third reading. Yeas 21, nays 14.

Resolution authorizing the Treasurer to pay to M. A. Bledsoe $5,373 47 passed its first reading

Resolution (of A. H. Galloway, colored,) requesting the Governor to remove W. A. Smith, as Director, from the N. C. R. R., came up.

On motion of A. H. Galloway, colored, its consideration was postponed until Friday next at 11 o'clock.

Resolution concerning property that was destroyed by the Federal army during the late war in certain cases, on motion of Mr. Ethridge it was referred to the Committee on Propositions and Grievances.

Resolution to raise a Committee on Printing, was adopted.

On motion of Mr. Blythe the rules were suspended and the bill relating to the duties of the County Commissioners of Henderson county in certain cases, was taken up, a substitute from the Committee was rejected, numerous amendments were offered to the bill and it was finally rejected.

On motion the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

MONDAY, Dec. 6th, 1869.

House met pursuant to adjournment.

Leave of absence was granted to Messrs. Vest, Hinnant and Whitley.

Messrs. Seymour and Malone were appointed upon the Committee to proceed to New York to investigate the sale of North Carolina bonds.

RESOLUTIONS AND BILLS.

By Mr. French: A joint resolution that the General Assembly adjourn on Monday Dec. 13th 1869 to meet on Monday Jan. 3rd 1870 and that members be allowed one half the regular rate of milliage, going and returning. Lies over.

By Mr. Ellington: A resolution to make uniform the introduction of bills and resolutions. Lies over.

Mr. Whitley for the Special Committee to whom was referred the bill concerning the powers and duties of State officers, reported a substitute for the bill. After some debate the rules were suspended and the bill was ordered to be printed and made the special order for Tuesday week.

By Mr. French: A bill creating a Board of Railroad Commissioners for the State. Ordered to be printed.

By Mr. Ellis: A bill to incorporate the Newton Female Academy. Referred.

On motion of Mr. Ingram, the rules were suspended and the bill for filling vacancies in Township offices in certain cases, (unfavorably reported upon by the Judiciary Committee,) was taken up and recommitted to the Committee.

On motion of Mr. Farrow, the rules were suspended and the resolution in favor of the collector of taxes in Hyde county and the Sheriff of Chatham county, (unfavorably reported upon by the Finance Committee,) was taken up.

Mr. Farrow advocated the adoption of his resolution on the ground of the distressed condition of his people. All his people wished, was a little time and they would pay all of their taxes. The misfortunes of the last eight or ten years had so reduced them that they now required some little time to recuperate.

After some discussion the resolution was recommitted to the Finance Committee.

On motion of Mr. Bowman, the rules were suspended and Mr. Blair's resolution that the General Assembly take a recess from December 20th, 1869, to January 10, 1870, and that no member or officer shall receive either *per diem* or mileage during the time, was taken up.

Mr. French moved to amend by giving mileage.

Mr. Bowman favored the original resolution and opposed the amendment. He did not think that they should receive mileage; it was too expensive to the people.

The amendment was then rejected by the following ballot:

YEAS—Messrs. Banner, Carson, Carey, Cherry, Eagles, Farrow, Foster, French, Gilbert, Graham, Hilliard, Hudgings, Leary, Mayo, Morrill, Price, Robbins, Seymour, Simonds, Smith, of Martin, Stevens, Sweat, Wilson—23.

NAYS—Messrs. Argo, Armstrong, Ashworth, Barnett, Blair, Bowman, Candler, Cawthorn, Clayton, Davidson, Downing, Durham, Ellis, Ellington, Ferebee, Franklin, Gahagan, Gatling, Gibson, Gunter, Harris, of Franklin, Hawkins, Hendricks, Hicks, High, Hodgin, Hodnett, Horney, Humphries, Ingram, Jarvis, Kelly, of Davie, Kelly, of Moore, Long, of Chatham, Long, of Richmond, Malone, Matheson, McCanless, McMillan, Mendenhall, Moore, of Alamance, Moore, of Chowan, Nicholson, Painter, Parker, Pou, Rea, Renfrow, Robinson, Reynolds, Shaver, Sinclair, Smith, of Alleghany, Smith, of Wayne, Snipes, Stanton, Sykes, Thompson, Vestal, Vest, Welch, White, Whitley, Williams, of Harnett, Williams, of Sampson, Williamson, Wilson—66.

The question then recurred upon the original resolution, and a lengthy discussion ensued which ended by Mr. Welch moving to lay the whole matter on the table.

The yeas and nays being called, resulted in the motion being rejected by a vote of yeas 42, nays 51.

Mr. Smith, of Martin, moved to amend by allowing the members half mileage going and returning.

Mr. Stevens moved to indefinitely postpone the whole matter. Lost.

Jno. Williamson, colored, offered a substitute for the whole matter, that the Legislature take no recess, but remain and attend to their business.

The amendment offered by Mr. Smith, of Martin, was put to a vote and rejected by the following ballot:

YEAS.—Banner, Barnes, Carson, Carey, Eagles, Ellington, Farrow, French, Gilbert, Graham, Hilliard, Hudgings, Justus, of Henderson, Leary, Mayo, Price, Robbins, Smith, of Martin, Stevens, Waldrop.—Yeas 20.

NAYS.—Argo, Armstrong, Ashworth, Barnett, Blair, Bowman, Candler, Cawthorn, Clayton, Downing, Durham, Ellis, Ferebee, Foster, Franklin, Gahagan, Gibson, Green, Gunter, Harris, of Franklin, Hawkins, Hendricks, Hicks, High, Hodgin, Hodnett, Horney, Humphries, Ingram, Jarvis, Kelly, of Davie, Kelly, of Moore, Long, of Chatham, Long, of Richmond, Malone, Matheson, McCanless, McMillan, Mendenhall, Moore, of Alamance, Moore, of Chowan, Nicholson, Painter, Parker, Pou, Rea, Renfrow, Reynolds, Seymour, Shaver, Sinclair, Smith, of Alleghany, Smith, of Wayne, Snipes, Stanton, Sweat, Thompson, Vestal, Vest, Welch, White, Whitley, Williams, of Harnett, Williams, of Sampson, Williamson, Wilson,—Nays 67.

Mr. Welch offered an amendment to the original resolution, by striking out the "20th" and insert the "24th of December, 1869," and strike out "Jan. 10th," and insert the "3rd of Jan. 1870."

The yeas and nays being called upon Mr. Welch's amendment, it was rejected by a vote of yeas 34, nays 49.

Mr. Downing moved to amend by striking out the "20th of Dec." and insert "13th of Dec. 1869."

Mr. Blair called the previous question.

The call was sustained, and the question recurred upon Mr. Downing's amendment which was put to a vote and rejected.

Mr. Welch's amendment allowing members who should remain in Raleigh, $3 per day, was put to a vote and lost.

The question recurred upon Williamson's substitute, declaring that the Legislature should take no recess but remain in session.

The vote being taken, the substitute was rejected by a vote of yeas 35, nays 56.

The original resolution was adopted by a vote of yeas 58, nays 33.

By consent Mr. Moore, of Chowan, introduced a resolution directing the Judiciary Committee to consider the propriety of reporting a bill to repeal chapter 76, Public Laws of 1868 '69. Lies over.

By Mr. Candler: A resolution not allowing member leave of absence except in case of sickness. Lies over.

Mr. French moved to reconsider the vote of Saturday, adopting a resolution raising a Committee of three, to proceed to New York, for the purpose to investigate the sale and manipulations of North Carolina bonds.

Mr Seymour favored the motion. He did not think the Committee could accomplish anything, and it would be an useless expense to the State. The Republican party were ten-fold more desirous of an investigation of these alleged frauds than the Conservative, for they (the Republicans) were responsible for these appropriations and the credit of the party, was involved in this proposed examination.

Mr. Ingram said that everything that looked like delay would be looked upon with distrust by the people. He was fast being forced to believe that something was "rotten in Denmark." He charged fraud upon no one, but things looked very much like that it did exist in some quarters.—He thought that if they stood up to this investigation, without flinching, somebody would be caught taking what did not belong to them. To use a military term, "there was a change of front being made in the face of the enemy." The "*Standard*" urged some days ago that the House should go on in Committee of the whole, with the investigation, now this morning it was for reading out members of the Republican party, for standing up to what it recommended about ten days ago.

Mr. I. then proceeded to state some mismanagement that did, to his knowledge, exist in the bonds issued to the Wilmington, Charlotte and Rutherford R. R.

Mr. Jarvis said, up to this time he had said nothing concerning the alleged fraud in the sale of the bonds and the managements of the Roads. It is a fact that twelve months ago over $12,000,000 of bonds were authorized by acts of this General Assembly to build Railroads, $300,000 of these bonds went into the hands of that great and good man, Gen. J. R. Stubbs. With these $300,000 he has built more road than *other* parties have with the ballance of the $12,000,000. Is not this *prima facie* evidence that *other* parties have acted badly. These $12 000,000 bonds are in the hands of Railroad Presidents and have, by them, been carried to New York for sale.

On Saturday a proposition was passed by this House to send a Committee to New York, to see what has become of these bonds. The gentleman from New Hanover (Mr. French,) said he voted for it because he thought it would bring reproach upon the Democrats. To day he says he has changed his opinion. It may be that to day, he finds the reproach would be upon the Republicans instead of the Democrats, therefore he wishes the reconsideration.

Many propositions have been offered to this House looking to an investigation.—Objections had been urged to them all—objections which in themselves had no foundation; some were afraid of insulting the Governor, the Superintendent of Public Works or the presiding officer of the House.

The time has come when the real friends of investigation should stand firmly together and let those who are opposed to it marshal themselves on the other side if they choose to take the responsibility to do so.

Mr Jarvis moved to lay the motion to reconsider on the table, and on this motion called the yeas and nays.

The motion to lay on the table was put to a vote and rejected by the following ballot:

YEAS.—Messrs. Argo, Armstrong, Banner, Barnes, Clayton, Davidson, Durham, Ellis, Ellington, Farrow, Ferebee, Gatling, Gibson, Green, Harris, of Franklin, Hawkins, Hicks, Hilliard, High, Hodnett, Humphries, Ingram, Jarvis, Kelly, of Davie, Long, of Chatham, Malone, Matheson, McMillan, Moore, of Alamance, Nicholson, Painter, Pou, Robinson, Shaver, Smith, of Alleghany, Smith, of Wayne, Thompson, Welch, Whitley, Williams, of Harnett, and Williams, of Sampson—40.

NAYS.—Messrs. Ames, Ashworth, Bowman, Carson, Carey, Cawthorn, Cherry, Downing, Eagles, Foster, French, Gahagan, Gilbert, Graham, Gunter, Hendricks, Hodgin, Hoffman, Horney, Hudgings, Justus, of Henderson, Kelly, of Moore, Leary, Long, of Richmond, Mayo, Mendenhall, Moore, of Chowan, Morrill, Parker, Peck, Price, Rea, Renfrow, Robbins, Reynolds, Seymour, Sinclair, Simonds, Smith, of Martin, Snipes, Stanton, Stevens, Sweat, Vestal, Vest, Waldrop, White, Williamson and Wilson—60.

The question recurred upon the motion to reconsider.

Mr. Pou opposed it.

Mr. Durham said that in ten minutes after the House had adopted this resolution, that certain Republicans, commenced working to stop the proposed Committee. He knew on Saturday night that the Republican caucus had instructed the gentleman from New Hanover (Mr. French) to make this motion, because they came to the conclusion that such investigation might result unpleasantly to their party. He (Mr. Durham) asked for the yeas and nays and dared Republicans to vote for this reconsideration.

Mr. Downing favored the reconsideration and during his remarks said that as the gentleman from Anson (Mr. Ingram) had declined to answer the question, "who was the President of the W. C. and R. R. R. when this alleged mismanagement of the bonds of that Road existed, he (Mr. Downing) would state that Col. Cowan was the President. He (Downing) understood that Col. Cowan had sold $1 909,000 worth of bonds in New York and not a single mile of the Road had been built but was used in paying debts not due.

Mr. Foster (Republican) moved to adjourn. Lost.

Mr. Sinclair (Republican) said though he differed from Col. Cowan in politics, yet he knew him to be a gentleman, "so well and favorably known in this State, for any one to believe him guilty of fraud in anything. He (Sinclair) would not sit quietly by and hear Col. Cowan's integrity insinuated against or assailed. He thought the remarks of Messrs. Ingram and Downing uncalled for and unjust in the extreme to Col. Cowan. In regard to this matter of investigation, he was grieved to see certain Republicans cowering like whipped spaniels, before the lash of the Democratic whip. Why did not the Republican party cease this shirking and come forward boldly and fearlessly in this matter instead of vainly endeavoring to grasp at the coat-tails of Democrats?

Such Republicans are afraid to go before the people. He was glad that the gentleman from Cleaveland, (Mr. Durham,) had dared the Republicans in this matter, he (Sinclair) hoped the party would now come squarely up and toe the mark.

Messrs. Ingram and Downing disclaimed any intention of either charging or insinuating that Col. Cowan had been guilty of fraud.

The question recurred, upon the motion to reconsider, when

On motion of Mr. Seymour, (Republican) the House adjourned by a vote of yeas 38 nays 36.

Married.

On Tuesday morning, the 23d of Nov., at the residence of the bride's father, in Mocksville, Davie Co., by the Rev. George Gibbs Mr. JAMES PRESTON Hampton of Yadkin, to Miss SARAH ELIZA GAITHER.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Wake County,

RALEIGH, N. C. Dec. 6, 1869.

I HEREBY give notice that on the 27th day of the present month I shall sell on the premises of the delinquent city tax payers, severally herein mentioned, so much of their property—either personal or real estate—as will satisfy the claims of the city, for the years 1869-68 and 67.

S. N. WHITSON,
City Collector.

Andrews,	Wm. N., Trustee to Mrs. McGowen part 100	$ 15.00
do	for Nelson King, ¼ acre	12 00
do	for Mary Andrews, part 25 41	40 00
Bunk, James,	for Mrs. John Williamson parts 4, 14 & 34	17 00
Branson, Mrs. L.,	1 acre	47 00
Busbee, Quent.,	p. 149, guardian,	37.00
Best, Robt.	1 acre, remainder	9 00
Brewer, F. J.,	6 acres, rem.	15.00
Bryan, Mrs	Lucy D., part 253,	20.00
Coats, Thos. H.,	p. 161	20.00
Eliza, Wm. H.,	p. 173 & ¼ acre	11 50
Ferrell, James,	¼ acre	3.00
Ferrell, Minerva,	1 acre	6 00
Ferrell, Mrs M. A.,	p. 25	11.00
Fay, Isaac,	p. 13 remainder	6 00
Fentress, T R.,	p. 146	65 00
Feudt, H.,	p. 126, rem.	69 40
Ferrell, J. J.,	3 acres	22 00
Gallager,	Mrs Matilda	10.00
Harris, E S.,	rem.	4 00
Harp, N S	¼ part 1, r m	10 50
Haywood, W D,	220 221, 2043 205 rem.	40 00
Haywood,	Mrs W D, 7 acres	7.00
Harris, Jas W,	for J C, ¼ acre & p. 4	12.00
Hughes, H T,	¼ acre,	7 00
Hughes, H J,	part 13, rem.	4 00
Heck, Col.	unlisted	30 00
Hunter, Osborn,	unlisted,	6 00
Johnson, Nancy	true name Jones ¼ acre	4.00
Jenkins, Thos	estate p 142 144	62 00
Jones, Willie D	¼ acre,	10.00
Jones, Willie D. & Dunn,	unlisted pt. 151,	25 00
Jones, Friday	¼ acre,	8.00
Kirkham, J H,	2½ acres	20.00
Karrow, Jacob	heir pt. 56 -100,	9 00
Longee, A L,	part 146,	120 00
Lee, T F,	part 13,	22.00
Malone, Martha	¼ acre,	3 00
Morgan, Henry	part 53,	5.00
Maynard, Green	¼ acre,	9 00
Macy, E O	¼ acre,	22 00
Mitchell, Alfred	part 46,	10.00
Moss, Willis	part 93	4.00
Moore, Judge	pt. 92,	3 00
Mayo Rufus	¼ acre unlisted,	6 00
Nixon, Mrs. E. A	pt. 43,	18 00
Nevil, Rev J P	1¼ acres,	10 00
Overby, Parker	116 -56 Rem.	88 50
Parker, Wm C		42 00
Prairie, J P,	pt. 141—61 and 1 acre,	
City	in his debt,	85.00
Putney, Mrs.	Sabra 130,	100 00
Putney, Wm H.'s	heirs ¼ acre,	3 00
Ray, John	pt. 160—161,	35.00
Ray, E H.	pt. 121,	20 24
Rowland, Wm	¼ acre by Rans Suggs.	2 00
Rogers, S H.	p. 5,	42.00
Rogers, Roan	pt. 2,	2 00
Smith, Perrin	¼ acre,	3 00
Smith, Mrs	Penelope Rem.	15 00
Smith, Mrs	Martha,	12 00
Smith, Mrs	Ann ¼ acre,	4 00
Smith	Eldridge pt 62,	22 00
Snow, T H	pt. 187¼,	45 00
Smith	Eldridge pt 93 & 75 unlisted,	4 00
Stone,	John L ¼ acre,	16.00
Smith,	Martha ¼ acre,	5 00
Smith,	Perrin 107,	5 00
Thompson,	I C part 103,	10 00
Thiem,	Phillip 146 -28-29, rem city in his	
	his debt,	74 50
Towles,	J. M. parts 130 81, rem.	42 00
Timberlake,	Capt. ¼ acre,	4.00
Thompson,	William estate,	60 00
Vaughan,	Mrs L M part 54	9.00
		1,732.94
Alston,	Deedham unlisted	5.00
Mellhenny	Thomas 2 acres,	30.00
Jones,	J A part 39, rem.	7 00
Perry,	Dr A S part 274, rem.	5 00
Heck,	Col. unlisted,	90.00
Blair,	James for omnibus and carriage, unlisted,	12 00
		1,917.94
68 Andrews,	Wm N parts 25 41,	37 00
68 "	" "	9.00
68 Busbee,	Quent. part 149, guardian,	37.00
68 Davis,	Geo W part 1,	4 00
67 Foreman,	Louisa 218,	1 60
68 Fennell,	Mrs M A part 25,	8.00
68 Kimbal,	Mrs B estate, part 2,	75.00
Maimard,	Green	9 00
68 Moss,	Jackson part 47,	10.00
68 Parker,	Wm C part 63, rem	15.00
68 Putney,	Mrs Wm H. part 130	25 00
68 Perry,	Mrs Louisa ¼ of an acre,	4 00
68 Rowland,	Wm ¼ acre by Rans Suggs,	2 50
67 Reid	Letha	2.40
68 Ray,	E H Rem. part 121,	9 00
67 Rowland,	Wm ¼ acre,	3 00
68 Ransom,	Marcellus 1 6,	9 85
68 Snow,	T 80	37 00
68 Smith,	Eldridge 62 fts. 75 and 92.	30.00
68 Smith	Mrs. Martha	2.07
68 William's	Morgan heirs	2 00
67 "	" "	4 00
68 Wheeler &	Co, Edward	22 00
Receipt by	J J Christopher,	10 00
67 Busbee,	Quint Guardian,	30.00
69 Union	Enterprise,	3.00
dec 7-deodtco.		

PARTIES REQUIRING AN HONEST ARMED TERRITALLER FOR SECURITY on their premises at night, may engage one with first rate Certificates and References, by addressing "HIGHLANDER," BOX 422, RALEIGH POST OFFICE.
dec 4-tf

INSURE WITH

The Equitable

LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY
OF THE
UNITED STATES

BURROUGHS & SPRINGS,
GENERAL AGENTS,
CHARLOTTE N. C.

ASSETTS OVER
$10,000,000.

THE EQUITABLE IS, FOR ITS YEARS, THE largest and most successful MUTUAL CASH COMPANY in the United States, and is now doing a MUCH LARGER BUSINESS than has ever been written by any company in the TENTH YEAR of its existence. All the profits are divided among the policyholders, thus furnishing THE BEST CLASS OF INSURANCE at the lowest possible prices. Each policy holder may receive his dividend IN CASH or apply them to the INCREASE OF HIS POLICY. Applications for Agencies must be addressed to the General Agents, giving references.

BURROUGHS & SPRINGS,
GENERAL AGENTS,
CHARLOTTE, N. C.

T. E. DARDEN, SPECIAL AGENT.

DOUGLASS BELL,
Ag't. Raleigh, N. C.
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BENEFIT LIFE

OF NEW YORK.

MANAGED BY A DIRECTORY, COMPRISING MANAGERS WHO HAVE had an experience of TWENTY-SIX YEARS in the Insurance business, it offers to the assured

SECURITY

and every possible advantage consistent therewith.

It has ALWAYS given its patrons the benefit of every desirable feature in Insurance, and has not therefore been forced by competition to make reluctant concessions.

ITS CHARTER requires all profits or surplus to be equitably divided among policy holders. All policies non-forfeitable and after two annual payments have a

CERTAIN CASH VALUE PAYABLE ON DEMAND.
ITS SYSTEM IS CASH.
DIVIDENDS ANNUALLY IN CASH
NO RESTRICTION ON TRAVEL OR RESIDENCE.

Special attention called to its system of TONTINE DIVIDENDS. Be sure and call on our competent and courteous Agents throughout the State before insuring elsewhere.

GENERAL TRAVELLING AGENTS FOR N. C.

GEN. L. S. BAKER, CAPT. J. W. DOYAL.

Martin & Finch

General Agents for North Carolina,

EDENTON, N. C.

A. P. BRYAN, Special Agent for Raleigh, N. C.

W. A. CUMMING, Ag't. Wilmington; C. W. MCLEAN, Ag't. Newbern; ED. S HOTT, Ag't. Washington; GEO. D. GREEN, Ag't. Wilson.
Nov 2-d3m

UPWARD AND ONWARD!!

WHY IS IT BEST TO INSURE IN THE

BROOKLYN LIFE?

BECAUSE,

AMONG OTHER REASONS, IT IS THE ONLY COMPANY IN THE UNITED STATES WHICH PRESENTS THE GREAT FEATURE OF GUARANTEEING DEFINITE

CASH SURRENDER VALUES,

IN CASE A POLICY IS FORFEITED FOR NON-PAYMENT OF PREMIUM.

ALL POLICIES

Are non-forfeitable after two full Annual Premiums have been paid.

The policy-holders of this Company may travel or reside where they choose—anywhere on the Globe.

The BROOKLYN LIFE has paid, and now pays to its policy-holders, LARGER DIVIDENDS than ever before paid by a Life Insurance Company.

DIVIDENDS ARE PAID IN CASH,

or applied to the permanent increase of the policy, or left with the Company to accumulate at interest, in either way, at the option of the policy-holder.

CHRISTIAN W. BOUCK, PRESIDENT.
D. P. FACKLER, Actuary. WM. M. COLE, Sec'y.
DANIEL AYRES, M. D. LL. D., Med. Director.

A. W. LAWRENCE.
General Agent.
Raleigh, N. C.
aug 6-tf

THE SENTINEL.

TUESDAY, DECEMBER 7, 1869.

☞ THOS. N. RAMSAY, as Business Clerk, is authorized to make contracts and give receipts, &c., &c.

PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE.

To the Senate and
House of Representatives:

In coming before you for the first time as Chief Magistrate of this great nation, it is with gratitude to the Giver of all good for the many benefits we enjoy. We are blessed with a territory unsurpassed in fertility—of an area equal to the abundant support of five hundred millions of people; abounding in every variety of useful productions; minerals in quantity sufficient to supply the world for manufacturing purposes, exuberant crops; variety of climate, adapted to the production of every species of earth's riches, suited to the habits, tastes and requirements of every living thing. A population of forty millions free people, speaking one language, with facilities for every mortal to acquire an education; her institutions closing to none the avenues to fame or any blessing of fortune that may be coveted; freedom of the press and of schools; a revenue flowing into the national Treasury beyond the requirements of government. Happily harmony is being rapidly restored within our own borders; manufactures, hitherto unknown in our country, are springing up in all sections, producing a degree of national independence unequalled by any other power.

These blessings and countless others are entrusted to your care and mine for safe keeping for the brief period of our tenure of office. In a short time we must each of us return to the ranks of the people who have conferred our honors upon us, and account to them for our stewardship. I earnestly desire that neither you nor I may be condemned by our free and enlightened countrymen nor by our own consciences.

Having emerged from a rebellion of gigantic magnitude, as it was, by sympathies and assistance of nations with which we were at peace, eleven States of the Union were, four years ago, left without legal State government. A national debt had been contracted; American commerce was almost driven from the seas; the industry of one-half of the country had been taken from the control of capitalists and placed where all labor rightfully belongs, in the keeping of the laborers. The work of restoring the State governments, loyal to the Union; of protecting and fostering free labor; providing means for paying interest on the public debt, have received ample attention from Congress.

Although your efforts have not met with the success in all particulars that might have been desired, yet, on the whole, they have been more successful than could have been reasonably anticipated. Seven States which passed ordinances of secession have been fully restored to their places in the Union, the eighth, Georgia, has held an election at which she ratified her constitution, Republican in form, and elected a Governor, members of Congress, a State legislature and other officers required. Her Governor was installed, her Legislature met and performed all the acts then required of them by the Constitution and acts of Congress.—Subsequently, however, in violation of the Constitution which they had just ratified, as since decided by the Supreme Court of the State, they unseated colored members of the Legislature and admitted to seats some members who are disqualified by the third clause of the 14th amendment; an article which they themselves had contributed to ratify. Under these circumstances I would submit to you whether it would not be wise, without delay, to enact a law authorizing the Governor of Georgia to convene the members originally elected to the Legislature, requiring each to take the oath prescribed by the reconstruction acts, and none to be admitted who are ineligible under the third clause of the 14th amendment.

The freedmen, under the protection they have received, are making rapid progress in learning, and no complaints are heard of lack of industry on their part, when they receive fair compensation for their labor.

The means provided for paying the interest on the public debt, with all other expenses of the Government, are more than ample. The loss of our commerce is the only result of the late rebellion which has not received sufficient attention from you; to this subject I call your earnest attention. I will not now suggest plans by which this object may be effected, but will, if necessary, make it the subject of a special message during the session.

At March term, Congress, by joint resolution authorized the Executive to order elections in the States Virginia, Mississippi and Texas to submit to them constitutions which each had previously framed and to submit these constitutions either entire or in separate parts to be voted upon, at the discretion of the Executive. Under this authority elections were called.—In Virginia the election took place on the 6th of July; a Governor and Lt. Governor elected and have been installed; the Legislature met and did all that was required by this resolution, and by all the Reconstruction acts of Congress, and abstained from all doubtful authority. I recommend that her Senators and Representatives be promptly admitted to their seats and that the State be fully restored to its place in the family of States.

Elections were called in Mississippi and Texas to commence on the 30th of November. Two days in Mississippi and four days in Texas. The elections have taken place but the result is not known.—It is hoped that the acts of the Legislatures of these States, when they meet, will be such as to receive your approval and thus close the work of reconstruction.

Among the evils growing out of the rebellion not yet referred to, is that of an irredeemable currency. It is an evil which, I hope, will receive your most earnest attention. It is a duty and one of the highest duties of government to secure to the citizens a medium of exchange of fixed and unvarying value. This implies a return to a specie basis, and no substitute for it can be devised. It should be commenced now and reached at the earliest practicable moment consistent with a fair regard to the interest of the debtor class. Immediate resumption of specie payments would not be desirable; it would compel the debtor class to pay beyond their contracts on gold at the date of their purchase, and would bring bankruptcy and ruin to thousands. The fluctuations, however, in the paper value of the measure of all values in gold, is detrimental to the interests of trade; it makes the man of business an involuntary gambler, for in all sales when future payment is to be made both parties are ignorant as to what will be the value of the currency to be paid and received. I earnestly recommended to you, then, such legislation as will insure a gradual return to specie payments and put an immediate stop to the fluctuation in the value of currency. The methods to secure the former of these results are as numerous as speculators on political economy; to secure the latter I see but one way, that is, to authorize the Treasury to redeem its own paper at a fixed price, whenever presented and withhold from circulation all currency so redeemed until sold again for gold.

The vast resources of the nation, both developed and undeveloped, ought to make our credit the best on the earth.—With a less burden of taxation than the citizen has endured for six years past, the entire public debt could be paid in ten years, but it is not desirable that the people should be taxed to pay it in that time. Year by year the ability to pay increases in rapid ratio, but the burden of interest ought to be reduced as rapidly as can be without violation of contract.

The public debt is represented in a great part by bonds having from five to twenty, and from ten to forty years to run, bearing interest at the rate of six and five per cent respectively. It is optional with the Government to pay these bonds at any period after the expiration of the least time mentioned upon their face. The time has already expired when a great part of them may be taken up, and is rapidly approaching when all may be. It is believed that all which are now due may be replaced by bonds bearing a rate of interest not exceeding four and a half per cent, and as rapidly as the remainder becomes due that they may be replaced in the same way. To accomplish this, it may be necessary to authorize interest to be paid at either of three or four money centres of Europe, or any Assistant Treasurer of the United States at the option of the holder of the bond. I suggest this subject for the consideration of Congress, and also simultaneously with this, the propriety of redeeming our currency as before suggested, at its market value, at the time the law goes into effect increasing the rate at which currency will be bought and sold from day to day, or week to week, at the same rate of interest as the Government pays upon its bonds.

The subject of the tariff and internal taxation will necessarily receive your attention.

The revenues of the country are greater than the requirements and may, with safety, be reduced, but as the funding of the debt on a four or four and a half per cent loan would reduce the annual current expenses largely; thus after funding, justifying a greater reduction of taxation than would be now expedient, I suggest a postponement of this question until the next meeting of Congress.

It may be advisable to modify taxation and the tariff in instances where unjust or burdensome discriminations are made by the present law, but a general revision of laws regulating this subject, I recommend a postponement for the present.

I also suggest the renewal of the tax on incomes, but at reduced rates, say, three per cent, and this tax to expire in three years.

With the funding of the national debt, as here suggested, I feel safe in saying that taxes and revenues from imports may be reduced from sixty to eighty millions per annum, at once, and may be still further reduced from year to year, as the resources of the country are developed. The report of the Secretary of the Treasury shows the receipts of the Government for the fiscal year, ending 30th June to be $370,943,747. Expenditures, including interest, bounties &c., to be $321,490,597.—The estimates for the ensuing year are more favorable to the Government, and will, no doubt, show a much larger decrease of public debt. The receipts of the Treasury beyond the expenditures, have exceeded the amount necessary to place to the credit of the sinking fund, as provided by law. To lock up the surplus in the Treasury and withhold it from circulation, would lead to such a contraction of currency as to cripple trade and seriously affect the prosperity of the country. Under these circumstances the Secretary and myself heartily concurred in the propriety of using all the surplus currency in the Treasury in the purchase of Government bonds, thus reducing the interest bearing indebtedness of the country, and of submitting to Congress the question of the disposition to be made of the bonds so purchased. The bonds so held by the Treasury, amount to $75,000,000, including those belonging to the sinking fund. I recommend that the whole be placed to the credit of the sinking fund.

Your attention is respectfully invited to the recommendations of the Secretary of the Treasury for the creation of the office of Commissioner of Customs Revenue; for the increase of the salaries of certain classes of officials; for the substitution of increased national bank circulation to replace the outstanding three per cent certificates, and most especially for his recommendation for the repeal of laws allowing shares of fines and penalties, forfeitures &c., to officers of the Government, or to informers.

The office of Commissioner of Revenue is one of the most arduous and responsible under the Government; it falls little short of a Cabinet position in its importance and responsibilities. I would ask for it, therefore, such legislation as in your judgment as will place the office upon a footing of dignity commensurate with its importance and with a character and qualification of the class of men required to fill it properly.

As the United States is the freest of all nations, so, too, its people sympathize with all peoples struggling for liberty and self-government, but while so sympathising it is due to our honor that we should obstain from enforcing our views upon unwilling nations, and from taking an interested part without invitation in quarrels between different nations, or between Governments and their subjects.

Our course should always be in conformity with strict justice and law, international and local. Such has been the policy of the administration in dealing with these questions. For more than a year a valuable province of Spain and a near neighbor of ours, in whom all our people cannot but feel a deep interest, has been struggling for independence and freedom. The people and government of the United States entertain the same warm feelings and sympathies for the people of Cuba in their pending struggle, that they manifested throughout the previous struggles between Spain and her former colonies, in behalf of the latter. But the contest has at no time assumed conditions which amount to war in the sense of international law, or which would show the existence of a *de facto* political organization of the insurgents sufficient to justify a recognition of belligerency.

The principal is maintained, however, that this nation is its our judge when to accord rights of belligerency.

On the 26th of March last, the U. S. Schooner "Lizzie Major," was arrested on the high seas by a Spanish Frigate, two passengers taken and carried prisoners to Cuba. Representations of these facts were made to the Spanish Government as soon as official information reached Washington. The two passengers were set at liberty and the Spanish Government assured the United States that the Captain of the frigate in making the capture, had acted without law, that he had been reprimanded, and that the Spanish Authorities in Cuba would not sanction any act that could violate rights or treat with disrespect the Sovereignty of this nation.

The question of the seizure of the brig "Mary Lowell" at Bahama by the Spanish authorities is now a subject of correspondence between this government and Spain and Great Britain.

The Captain General of Cuba about May last issued a Proclamation authorizing search of vessels in high seas, immediate remonstrance was made against this, whereupon the Captain General issued a new Proclamation limiting the search to vessels of the United States authorized under the treaty of 1795. This proclamation, however, was immediately withdrawn.

I have always felt that most intimate relations should be cultivated between the United States and independent nations on this continent. It may be well worth considering whether new treaties between us and them may not be profitably entered into to secure more intimate relations, friendly, commercial and otherwise.

Inter-oceanic connection between the Atlantic and Pacific oceans, through the isthmus of Darien, is one in which commerce is greatly interested. Instructions have been given to the minister to the several States of Columbia, to endeavor to obtain authority for a survey to determine the practicability of the undertaking.

In order to comply with an agreement of the United States, as to a mixed Commission at Lima, for the adjustment of claims, it will become necessary to send a Commissioner and Secretary to Lima.

The good offices of the United States to bring about a peace between Spain and the South American Republics having been accepted by Spain, Peru and Chili, a Congress has been invited to be held in Washington during the present winter.

A grant has been given to Europeans of an exclusive right of transit over the territory of Nicaragua, to which Costa Rica has given its assent, which, it is alleged, conflicts with vested rights of citizens of the United States. The Department of State has now this subject under consideration.

The Minister of Peru having made representations that there was a state of war between Peru and Spain and that Spain was constructing in and near New York, thirty gunboats, which might be used by Spain, to relieve the naval force at Cuba to operate against Peru, orders were given to prevent their departure; no further steps having been taken by the representatives of the Peruvian Government to prevent the departure of these vessels, and I not feeling authorized to detain the property of a nation with which we are at peace, on mere Executive orders, the matter is referred to Congress.

The conduct of the war between the Allies and the Republic of Paraguay has made things with that country difficult, and it has been deemed advisable to withdraw our Representative from there.

Towards the close of the last administration a convention was assigned at London for the settlement of outstanding claims between Great Britain and the United States, which failed to receive the consent of the Senate. The time and circumstances attending the negotiation of that treaty were unfavorable to its acceptance by the people of the United States, and its provisions were wholly inadequate for the settlement of alleged wrongs, sustained by this Government; injuries resulting to the United States by reason of the course adopted by Great Britain during the war, in increased rate of duties, diminution of exports and imports, and other obstructions to domestic industry, and prejudicial in its effects upon foreign commerce of the country in the decrease and transfer to Great Britain of our commercial marine, in the prolongation of the war and the increased cost, both in treasure and in lives, of its suppression, and could not be adjusted and satisfied as ordinary commercial claims which continually arise between commercial nations, and yet the convention treated them simply as such ordinary claims, from which they differ more widely in the gravity of their character than in the magnitude of their amount. Great even as that difference is, not a word was found in the treaty, and not an inference could be drawn from it to remove the unfriendliness of the course of Great Britain in our struggle for existence, which had so deeply and so universally impressed itself upon the people of this country.

Believing that a Convention thus misconceived in its scope and inadequate in its provisions, would not have produced the hearty and cordial settlement of pending questions which alone is consistent with the relations which I desire to have firmly established between the United States and Great Britain, I regarded the action of the Senate, in rejecting the treaty, to have been wisely taken in the interest of peace, and as a necessary step in the direction of a perfect and cordial friendship between the two countries.

A sensible people, conscious of their power, are more at ease under a great wrong wholly unsettled than under the restraint of a settlement which satisfies neither their ideas of justice nor their grave sense of the grievance they have sustained. The rejection of the treaty was followed by a state of public feeling on both sides which I thought not favorable to an immediate attempt at renewed negotiations. I accordingly so instructed the Minister of the United States to Great Britain and found my views in this regard were shared by Her Majesty's Ministers. I hope that the time may soon arrive when the two Governments can approach the subject of this momentous question with an appreciation of what is due to the rights, dignity and honor of each, and with the determination not only to remove the causes of complaint in the past, but to lay the foundation of a broad principle of public law which will prevent future differences and tend to form a continued peace and friendship.

This is now the only grave question which the United States has with any foreign nation. The question of renewing the treaty for reciprocal trade between the United States and the British Provinces on this continent is not favorably considered.

In conformity with the recommendation of Congress, a proposition to abolish mixed Courts for the suppression of the slave trade is under negotiation.

It having come to my knowledge that a corporate company, organized under British laws, proposed to land upon the shores of the United States, and to operate their submarine cable under a concession from the Emperor of the French, under an exclusive right for twenty years, of telegraphic communication with the shores of France and the United States, with very objectionable feature of subjecting all messages conveyed thereby to the scrutiny and control of the French Government. I caused the French and British legation at Washington to be made acquainted with the probable policy of Congress on this subject, as foreshadowed by the bill which passed the Senate in March last. And this declaration the representatives of the Company made an agreement to accept, as the basis of their operations, the provisions of the bill, or such other enactment on the subject as might be passed during the approaching session of Congress, also to use their influence to secure from the French Government a modification of their concession, so as to permit the landing of any cable belonging to any Company incorporated by the United States, or any State in the Union; and on their part not to oppose the establishment of any such cable. On the execution of their agreement, I directed the withdrawal of all opposition by the United States to the landing of the cable until meeting of Congress. I regret to say that there has been no modification in this Company's concession, nor so far as I can learn, have they attempted to secure one. Their concessions exclude capital and citizens under State from completing upon the shores of France. I recommend legislation to protect the rights of citizens under the States and sovereignty of the nation against such an assumption. I shall also endeavor to secure by negotiation an abandonment of the principle of monopolies in ocean trade cables.

The unsettled political condition of other countries, less fortunate than our own, sometimes induces their citizens to come to the United States for the sole purpose of becoming naturalized; having secured this they return to their native countries and reside there without disclosing their change of allegiance. They accept official positions of trust or honor which can only be held by citizens of their native land; they journey under passports describing them as such citizens, and it is only when civil discord, alter, perhaps, years of quiet, threatens their positions or their property, or when their native State drives them into its military service when their oath of allegiance is known. They reside permanently away from the United States, contributing nothing to its revenues, avoid duties of citizenship and only make themselves known by a claim of protection. I have directed the diplomatic and consular officers to scrutinize carefully all such claims of pretension. A citizen of the United States, whether native or adopted, who discharges his duty to his country is entitled to its complete protection.

Invitations have been extended to the Cabinets at London, Paris, Florence, Berlin, Brussels, The Hague, Copenhagen and Stockholm, to empower their Representatives at Washington to simultaneously enter into negotiations, and to conclude with the United States a convention to indicate a form making uniform regulations as to the construction of the parts of vessels to be devoted to the use of emigrants, and to the quantity and quality of food, medical treatment of the sick, and the rules to be observed during the voyage, in order to secure ventilation, to promote health, to prevent impositions, and to protect the females, providing for the establishment of tributes in the several countries; for enforcing such regulations by summary process.

Your attention is respectfully called to the law regarding the tariff on Russian hemp, and to the question whether to fix the charges on Russian hemp higher than they are fixed upon manilla is not a violation of our treaty with Russia, placing her products upon the same footing with those of the most favorable footing.

Our manufactures are increasing with wonderful rapidity under the encouragement which they now receive, with the improvement of machinery already effected and still increasing, causing machinery to take the place of skillful labor to a large extent.

Our imports of many articles must fall largely within every few years. Fortunately, too, our manufactures are not confined to a few localities, as formerly, and it is to be hoped, will become more and more diffused, making the interest in them equal in all sections. They give employment and support to hundreds of thousands of people at home, and retain with us the means which otherwise would be shipped abroad.

The extension of Railroads in Europe and the East is bringing into competition with our agricultural products, like products of other countries. Self interest, if not self preservation, therefore, dictates caution against disturbing any industrial interest of the country. It teaches us, also, the necessity of looking to other markets for the sale of our surplus. Our neighbors south of us, and China and Japan should receive our special attention. It will be the purpose of the administration to cultivate such relations with all the nations as to entitle us to their confidence and make it their interest as well as ours to establish better commercial relations. Through the agency of a more enlightened policy than that heretofore pursued towards China, largely due to the sagacity and efforts of one of our own distinguished citizens, the world is about to commence largely increased relations with that populous and hitherto exclusive nation. As the United States has been the originator of this new policy so they should be the more earnest in showing their good faith in making it a success. In this connection I advise such legislation as will forever preclude the enslavement of the Chinese upon our soil under the name of Coolies and also prevent American vessels from engaging in the transportation of Coolies to any country to locate the system. I also recommend that the mission to China be raised to one of the first class.

On my assuming the responsible duties of Chief Magistrate of the United States as it was the conviction that three things were essential to its peace, prosperity and fullest development. First among these a strict integrity in fulfilling all our obligations. Second, to secure protection to the person and property of the citizens of the United States, in each and every portion of our common country wherever he may choose to move, without reference to original nationality, religion, color or politics, demanding of him only obedience to the laws and proper respect for the rights of others third, the Union of all of the States, with equal rights, indestructible by any constitutional means. To secure the first of these, Congress has taken two essential steps—first, in declaring by joint resolution that the public debt should be paid, principal and interest incurred and secured by providing the means for paying it.—Providing the means however, could not secure the object desired without a proper administration of the laws for the collection of the Revenues and an economical disbursement of them. To this subject the administration has most effectually addressed itself with results, I hope, satisfactory to the country. There has been no hesitation in changing officials in order to secure an efficient execution of the laws. Sometimes, too, where in a mere party view undesirable political events were likely to follow, nor any hesitation in sustaining efficient officials against remonstrances wholly political.

It may be well to mention here the embarrassment possible to arise from leaving in the statute books the so-called tenure of office acts, and to earnestly recommend their total repeal. It could not have been the intention of the framers of the Constitution, when providing that appointments made by the President should receive the consent of the Senate, that the latter should have power to retain in office persons by Federal appointment against the will of the President. The law is inconsistent with a faithful and efficient administration of the Government.

What faith can an executive put in officials forced upon him, and those, too, whom he has suspended for reason? How will said officials be likely to serve an administration which they know does not trust them? For the second requisite to our growth and prosperity, time and a humane administration of existing laws, amended from time to time as they may be effected or prove harsh and unnecessary, are probably all that is required. The third cannot be attained by special legislation, it must be regarded as fixed by the Constitution itself, and gradually acquiesced in by force of public opinion from the foundation of the government to the present.—The management of the original inhabitants of this continent the Indians, has been a subject of embarrassment and expense and has been attended with constant rebellion, murders, and wars. From my own experience upon the frontiers and Indian countries, I do not hold, either legislation, or the conduct of the whites who come most in contact with the Indians, blameless for these hostilities. The peace however, cannot be undone and the question must be met as we now find it. I have attempted a new policy towards these wards of the nation. They cannot be remedied in any other light than as was with a fair result so far as tried, and which I hope will be attended ultimately with great success. The society of Friends is well known as having succeeded in living in peace with the Indians in the early settlement of Pennsylvania, while their white neighbors of other sects, in other sections were constantly embroiled. They are also known for their opposition to all strife, violence and war, and are generally noted for their strict integrity and fair dealing. These considerations induced me to give the management of a few reservations of Indians to them, and to throw the burden of the selection of Agents upon the society itself. The result has proved most satisfactory. It will be found more fully set forth in the report of the Commissioner of Indian affairs.

For Superintendents and under agents, not on the reservation, officers of the army were selected. The reasons for this are numerous: where Indian Agents are sent, there or near there, troops must be sent also. The Agents and the Commanders of troops are independent of each other, and are subject to orders from different departments of the Government. The army officer holds a position for life, the Agent, one at the will of the President; the former is personally interested in living in harmony with the Indians, and in establishing a permanent peace, to the end that some portion of his life may be spent in the limits of civilized society. The latter has no such personal interest. Another reason is an economic one, and still another, the hold which the Government has upon the life of an officer to secure a faithful discharge of duties in carrying out a given policy.

The building of Railroads and the accessibility thereby given to all the agricultural and mineral regions of the country, is rapidly bringing civilized settlements into contact with all the tribes of Indians. No matter what ought to be the relations between such settlements and the aborigines, the fact is, they do not harmonize well, and one or the other has to give away in the end. A system that looks to the extinction of a race is too horrible for a nation to adopt without entailing upon itself the wrath of all christianity and the endorsing, by citizens, a disregard for human life and the rights of others, dangerous to society. I see no substitute for such a system except in placing all the Indians upon large reservations as rapidly as it can be done and giving them absolute protection there. As soon as they are fitted for it they should be induced to take their lands in severalty and to set up legal governments for their own protection. For full details on this subject, I call your special attention to the reports of the Secretary of the Interior and the Commissioner of Indian affairs.

The recommendation of the General of the Army that appropriation be made for the forts at Portland N. Y. Philadelphia, New Orleans and San Francisco, if for no other is concurred in.

I call special attention to the recommendation of the Chief of Ordnance for the sale of arsenals and lands no longer of use to the Government; also to the recommendation of the Secretary of War, that the act prohibiting promotions in the staff corps of the army be repealed. The extent of country to be garrisoned and the number of military posts to be occupied is the same with a reduced army as with a large one. The number of staff officers required is more dependent upon the latter than the former condition.

The report of the Secretary of the Navy accompanying this, shows the condition of the Navy. When this administration came into office, and the changes made since, strenuous efforts have been made to place as many vessels in commission, or render them fit for service, if required, as possible, and to substitute the sail for steam whilst cruising, thus materially reducing the expenses of the Navy, and adding greatly to its effectiveness. I recommend a liberal though not extravagant policy towards this branch of the public service.

The report of the Post Master General furnishes a clear and comprehensive exhibit of the operations of the postal service, and of the financial condition of the Post Office Department. The ordinary postal revenues for the year ending June 30th 1869, amounted to $16,444,510, and the expenditures to $23,698,131, your attention is respectfully called to the recommendations made by the Post Master General, for authority to change the rate of compensation to the Main Trunk Railroad lines for their services for carrying the mails; for having post route mails extended; for reorganizing and increasing the efficiency of the Special Agency service; for the increase of the mail service on the Pacific, and for establishing mail service under the flag of the Union on the Atlantic; and most especially do I call your attention to his recommendation for the total abolition of the franking privilege. This is an abuse from which no one receives a commensurate advantage; it reduces the receipts of the postal service from twenty-five to thirty per cent, and largely increases the service to be performed.

During the year ending September, 1869, the Patent Office issued 13,762 patents, and its receipts were $88,638, being $33,926 more than the expenditures.

I would respectfully call your attention to the recommendation of the Secretary of Interior for uniting the duties of Supervision of Education of Freedmen, with the other duties devolving upon the Commissioners of Education.

It is the desire of Congress to make the Census which must be taken during the year 1870 more complete and perfect than heretofore. I would suggest early action upon any plan that may be agreed upon. As Congress the last session appointed a committee to take into consideration such measures as might be deemed proper in reference to the Census and to report a plan, I desist from saying more. I recommend to your favorable consideration the claims of the agricultural bureau for liberal appropriations. In a country so diversified in climate as ours and with a population so largely dependent upon agriculture, all the benefits that can be conferred by properly fostering the bureau, are incalculable.

I desire, respectfully, to call attention of Congress to the inadequate salaries of a number of the important officers of the government. In this message I will not enumerate them, but will specify only the Justices of the Supreme Court, no change has been made in their salaries for fifteen years. Within that time the labors of the Courts have largely increased, and the expenses of living have at least doubled.—During the same time Congress has twice found it necessary to increase largely the compensation of its own members and he duty it owes to another Department of the government desires and will undoubtedly receive due consideration, there are many subjects not alluded to in this message, which might with propriety be introduced, but I abstain believing that your patriotism and statesmanship will suggest the topics and the legislation most conducive to the interests of the whole people. On my part I promise a rigid adherence to the laws and their strict enforcement.

U. S. GRANT.

Dec. 6th, 1869.

The length of the Message excludes other dispatches.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT.—Monday, Dec. 6th, 1869:

The Court was opened at the usual hour.

James Lancanshire who was indicted in two cases for illegal distilling, submitted, through his Counsel, Mr. Fuller, to a verdict of guilty. He was fined $10 and costs in each case.

United States vs B. H. Allen and W. K. Duke. Indictment: Manufacturing tobacco without giving bond.

District Attorney for the Government, Bragg and Weed for the Defendants. Continued upon affidavit of Defendant. The judgment against Duke and his sureties for failing to answer on Saturday last, was stricken out.

In United States vs Jabel Emory, the defendant's counsel moved for a new trial upon the ground of improper rejection of testimony. The motion was agreed to, and a new trial granted.

William H. McDonald was then tried for falsely representing himself to be a revenue officer of the United States. The case will be remembered by the readers of the SENTINEL, as mentioned during the Summer. McDonald represented himself to a negro, who was selling cider in the market, as the revenue officer, and collected a dollar out of him,—all the poor negro had,—for his alleged violation of the law.

District Attorney appeared for the United States. Merrimon for the defendant. The defendant was convicted. His counsel gave notice of a motion for a new trial.

United States vs Wilson Copeland. Indictment: Retailing without license. The defendant submitted, and the District Attorney agreed to suspend the judgment upon payment of costs.

In the afternoon the libel docket was taken up, and a number of cases disposed of by dismission, continuance, order of sale or the issuing of alias process.

The Demand Tells The Story.—From all directions orders for PHALON'S VITALIA OR SALVATION FOR THE HAIR come pouring in. All the noxious Dyes &c, go down before it. A year hence they will be unmarketable. The ladies say it is as pleasant to use as a perfumed toilet water, and it is as transparent as crystal. Nothing else reproduces so perfectly the original hue of the hair.

Married,

Near the Powder Mills in this county, on Sunday 5th inst., by Riley Yearby, Esq., Mr. W. W. Brown to Miss JALEY RIGGET.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Large Sale of Furniture.

ON Thursday the 9th, at our Auction Room; consisting of Fine Wardrobes, Bureaues Beds and Bedsteads, and Household Furniture generally. Sale to commence at 11 o'clock.

W. H. JONES & CO.
dec 7-1s Auction & Com. Merchants.

PEELER COTTON SEED.

Genuine Peeler Cotton Seed for sale by the bushel, a small lot.

W. H. JONES, & CO.
dec 7-tf Comm. Merchants.

FOR RENT.

12 ROOMS, WITH FIRE PLACES, WELL adapted for small families. From 4 to 5 dollars each.

Apply to
J. P. H. RUSS.
dec 7-tf

VALUABLE LANDS FOR SALE.

ON WEDNESDAY THE 5th of January next we will offer for sale that valuable and highly improved plantation in Northampton Co., now the property of J Devereux and known as Monkroe. A plot of the land can be seen by applying to J. W. Newsome Esq., on the premises. Mr. Newsome, or L. H Boyce will be at all times on the premises and will show the dividing lines to any parties desiring to purchase. The plantation will be divided into five separate and distinct farms which will be offered separately.

The sale will take place on the day above mentioned at 12 o'clock, at the Monkroe House. Terms: one fourth cash, the balance on liberal time which will be made known at the sale.

R. C. BADGER,
WALTER CLARK } Trustees.

Raleigh, Dec 7-415J

Standard and Roanoke News copy, until 13th January and send bills to this office.

VICK'S
FLORAL GUIDE FOR 1870

THE FIRST EDITION OF ONE HUNDRED and Twenty Thousand copies of **Vick's Illustrated Catalogue of Seeds and Floral Guide**, is published and ready to send out. It is elegantly printed on fine tinted paper, with about 200 fine wood Engravings of Flowers and Vegetables, and a beautiful COLORED PLATE—consisting of seven varieties of Phlox Drummondii, making a fine

BOUQUET OF PHLOXES.

It is the most beautiful, as well as the most attractive Floral Guide published, giving plain and thorough directions for the

CULTURE OF FLOWERS AND VEGETABLES.

The Floral Guide is published for the benefit of my customers, to whom it is sent free without application, but will be forwarded to all who apply by mail, for TEN CENTS, which is not half the cost. Address,

JAMES VICK,
Rochester, N. Y.
dec 7-3tdawlw

Snuff! Snuff! Snuff!

LEACH BROS'.

SOLE AGT'S FOR THE CELEBRATED RAILROAD

SNUFF,

THE LADIES DELIGHT,

IN ONE AND TWO OUNCE CANS, AND Bladders, the trade supplied at low rates.
Dec 2-tf

Choice Mountain Butter.

35 LBS., BY THE KITT.
Dec 2-tf LEACH BROS'.

Saddles and Harness.

BRIDLES, HALTERS, TEAM WHIPS AND Sole Leather.
Cheap for Cash,
Dec 2-tf LEACH BROS'.

N. C. FAMILY FLOUR.

75 SACKS, AT LOW RATES TO CLOSE Consignment.
Dec 2-tf LEACH BROS'.

LIVERPOOL SALT.

100 SACKS, LARGE AND FULL.
Dec 2-tf LEACH BROS'.

Morning Edition.

TELEGRAPHIC.

Monday Evening Dispatches.

CONGRESS.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 6.—In the House Bulkley and Buell of Alabama and Cox, of New York, were admitted to seats. Sherrard and Doak of Alabama approached the bar, but were objected to.

In the Senate Morton introduced a bill to reconstruct Georgia.

Credentials of the Virginia Senators were presented and laid on the table.

Cameron presented a petition for the recognition of Cuba, and spoke strongly in its favor.

Drake's bill restraining the Federal Courts, was presented.

The two Houses organized.

WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 6.—There is a vigorous fight pending over private claims, the contestants holding that the repudiation of these gives the cue to the repudiation of the whole debt.

FOREIGN.

LONDON, Dec. 6.—The first freighted vessel through the canal, foundered in the Red Sea.

MARKETS.

NEW YORK, Dec. 6.—Market strong with an upward tendency; Money 6 to 7; exchanged, long 8¼ short 9; Gold 33½; 62s coupon 15½; Treas coupon 65, new 40½; Pac ex-coupon 86, new 84; Las old 67 new 59; Lawrence 66, 6s 78; Ala 6s 50; Ga 6s 93; N. Ca. old 43; new 15.

Flour rather more steady; Wheat quiet and firm; Pork dull; new mess $31 50; Lard dull; Cotton steady at 25; Turpentine dull at 44; Rosin quiet 2,05 to 2 07½ for strained.

LONDON, Dec. 6.—Consols 93½; Bonds 81½.

LIVERPOOL Dec. 6.—Cotton opened firm, Uplands 12. Orleans 12½.

Special Notices.

WORDS OF CHEER.

On the Errors of Youth and the Follies of Age, in relation to MARRIAGE and SOCIAL EVILS, with a helping hand for the erring and unfortunate. Sent in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Address, HOWARD ASSOCIATION, Box P., Philadelphia, Pa.
sept 27-d&w3m

A Card.

A Clergyman, while residing in South America as a missionary, discovered a safe and simple remedy for the cure of Nervous Weakness, Early Decay, Diseases of the Urinary and Seminal Organs, and the whole train of disorders brought on by baneful and vicious habits. Great numbers have been cured by this noble remedy. Prompted by a desire to benefit the afflicted and unfortunate, I will send the recipe for preparing and using this medicine, in a sealed envelope, to any one who needs it, *Free of Charge*.

Address, JOSEPH T. INMAN,
Station D., Bible House,
oct 6-3m* New York City.

BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE.

This splendid Hair Dye is the best in the world; the only true and perfect Dye, harmless, reliable, instantaneous; no disappointment; no ridiculous tints; remedies the ill effects of bad dyes; invigorates and leaves the Hair soft and beautiful, black or brown. Sold by all Druggists and Perfumers, and properly applied at Batchelor's Wig Factory, No. 16 Bond street, New York
nov 26-1y

HINKLEY KNITTING MACHINE.

PRICE $35.00

THE ONLY MACHINE IN THE WORLD which knits with a single eye pointed needle.

KNITS EVERYTHING!!!

Socks, Stockings, Shirts, Drawers, Shawls, Tidies, Hoods, Afghans, &c., &c. SETS UP ITS OWN WORK and is so simple that it may be understood by any one.

SEND FOR CIRCULARS &c.

Agents Wanted in every County.

ALL KINDS OF SEWING MACHINES FOR SALE, RENT OR EXCHANGE.

Machines sold on easy terms.

W. F. JONES,
212 West Baltimore St.,
Baltimore, Md.
nov 29-d2w

EL-GIN WATCHES

Manufactured by The National Watch Co., OF ELGIN, ILL.

Pronounced by Watch Makers, Railroad and Express men, East and West, to be the most correct Time Keepers made.

Avoid parties who advertise to send Watches "C.O.D." PURPORTING to be of our make. We furnish none for that purpose. There are but fifteen in market. To get GENUINE ELGIN WATCHES, apply to dealers in your own locality or elsewhere, who you know to be honorable. Business Office and Sales Room 159 & 161 Lake Street, Chicago, Ill.

Nov. 5, d6w.

ROB'T A. MARTIN, ROB'T S. HILL.

ROBT A. MARTIN & CO.

Grocers & Commission Merchants,

129 Sycamore St.,

PETERSBURG, VA.

FAITHFUL Personal attention given to the sale of Cotton, Tobacco &c. Groceries furnished at reasonable prices for cash or short time to responsible parties as customers.
Nov. 29-3m*

TO THE WORKING CLASS.—We are now prepared to furnish all classes with constant employment at home, the whole of the time or for the spare moments. Business new, light and profitable. Persons of either sex easily earn from 50c. to $5 per evening, and a proportional sum by devoting their whole time to the business. Boys and girls earn nearly as much as men. That all who see this notice may send their address, and test the business, we make this unparalleled offer: To such as are not well satisfied, we will send $1 to pay for the trouble of writing. Full particulars, a valuable sample which will do to commence work on, and a copy of *The People's Literary Companion*—one of the largest and best family newspapers published—all sent free by mail. Reader, if you want permanent, profitable work, address E. C. ALLEN & CO., Augusta, MAINE.
Oct 26-dawly3m.

ANOTHER ARRIVAL OF NEW AND FASHIONABLE GOODS AT

E. BESSON'S,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

West Side Fayetteville St.,

Opposite the New Market House,

KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND A FULL assortment of

CLOTHS,

CASSIMERES,

BEAVER CLOTH,

DOESKIN, &c., &c.

Gentlemen's full suits, or any garment needed made to order and in the very best style, and in accordance with the latest Parisian fashions.

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.

☞ A new and fresh stock daily expected.
dec 1 3m

The Daily Sentinel.

CONFECTIONERY STORES.

M. J. MOSELEY'S,

[Fentress' Old Stand.]

IS THE PLACE TO BUY YOUR

CONFECTIONERIES!

You will Find a Choice Stock to Select From, and Everything that is Kept in a First-Class House.

COME AND SEE!

FRENCH CANDIES, PLAIN CANDIES, CONSERVED AND CRYSTALLINE FRUITS, All at MOSELEY'S, oct 2-d3m Fentress' old Stand.

FOREIGN & DOMESTIC FRUITS and Nuts, Cocoanuts, Figs, Dates Prunes, Raisins, Currants and Citron, you can buy at MOSELEY'S, oct 2-d3m Fentress old Stand.

JELLIES AND PRESERVES, Pickles, of all sorts, Fresh Peaches, Fine Apples, Strawberries, Tomatoes, Lobsters, Oysters, Sardines, Clams and Salmon, All at MOSELEYS. oct 2-d3m

CAKES! CAKES!

Pound, Fruit and Jelly JeCakes; Lemon Novelties, Ginger Schnappe Washington and Jumbles. CRACKERS.—Soda, Wine, Edinburgh, Cream, Pienic and Lemon. All these good things at MOSELEY'S, oct 2-d3m Fentress' old stand.

SOMETHING NEW.

AN OYSTER SALOON, FOR THE LADIES of Raleigh, and those visiting the City.

I have this day opened in connection with my Confectionery a first class SALOON, where I shall be pleased to see all who are fond of this delicious bivalve

GIVE ME A CALL.

There are other things attractive to the appetite here.

We all have good things, and you can find them at M. J. MOSELEY'S, Nov 2-tf Fentress' old stand, two doors above Tuckers.

MISCELLANEOUS.

SECOND STOCK OF MILLINERY GOODS, JUST

Received at

MRS. GETTINGER'S.

THESE GOODS WERE NOT ORDERED, BUT selected in person by Mrs. G. There are many entirely new and pretty things among them. So come and look Ladies. Oct 2-tf

RIDGEWAY NURSERIES.

A MAGNIFICENT LOT OF SOUTHERN AND ACCLIMATED FRUIT TREES, GRAPE VINES, CURRANTS, FIGS, STRAWBERRIES &c., &c.,

NOW OFFERED FOR SALE AT THESE NURSERIES.

The Superintendent would respectfully inform the public generally, that the

Famous Greensboro' Nurseries

formerly owned, and successfully and satisfactorily conducted for several years by WESTBROOK & CO., were transferred in 1868 to RIDGEWAY, N. C.

and re-established on a permanent basis, and are now in a healthy condition.

He confidently relies upon the co-operation and assistance of his old friends and patrons, in the dissemination of the BEST AND MOST PROFITABLE TREES AND PLANTS, FOR OUR SOUTHERN CLIMATE. All trees warranted true to name.

November and first part of December, the best season for planting. Call and examine the trees in the nurseries and make selection.

Wholesale and Retail Price Lists sent free to applicants. Send orders to

"RIDGEWAY NURSERIES" C. W. WESTBROOK, Superintendent. Ridgway, N. C.

B. F. WILLIAMSON Agent, nov 9-tf Raleigh, N. C.

FOR SALE,

DISTILLERY AND FIXTURES.

THE SUBSCRIBER OFFERS FOR SALE ONE of the most complete Distilleries and Fixtures in the State, consisting of

2, 200 Gallon Copper Stills.
4, 150 " "
120, 100 " Fermenting Tubs
3, 200 " Cisterns, with Warehouse, Office and in fact all the necessary appurtenances &c., attached to similar establishments.

ALSO, 200 CORDS DRY WOOD.

This property is situated in Warren county 2½ miles from Warrenton, and near the R. & G. Railroad, in one of the best corn growing sections in the State, being near Roanoke River.—The buildings are new and every thing in complete order.

Persons wishing to buy, can get a bargain. Address, J. Y. CHRISTMASS; Warrenton, N. C.

P. S. For further information address JNO. SKINNER, nov 6 d1m* Raleigh, N. C.

PARIS MILLINERY.

[Room over P. F. Pescud's Drug Store.]

AT THE LADIES' PAVILION IS THE most beautiful stock of FRENCH MILLINERY ever brought to this country.

A BRANCH OF MME. DEMOREST'S ESTABLISHMENT.

All goods at the very lowest prices.

Bridal Bonnets made to order. Fashionable Mantua Making. Styles received every week.—A splendid stock of "Princess Alice" Furs. Lace, Ribbons, Flowers, &c. on hand at all times.

Ladies! Call at once at the Pavilion, and see for yourselves.

Mrs. M. E. BEASLEY, Ag't., oct 30-tf Raleigh N. C.

VALUABLE COTTON PLANTATION.

THAT VALUABLE TRACT OF LAND THE "SEAWELL PLANTATION" situated in the fork of Crabtree Creek, and Neuse River, five miles East of Raleigh, containing nine hundred Acres, is now offered for sale in tracts of three hundred Acres, more or less or the whole, as may suit persons wishing to buy.

To describe this tract would be useless as it is well known to be the BEST BODY of COTTON LAND in this section. If not sold before the fifteenth day of December, I will on that day offer it on the premises to the highest bidder on liberal terms, which will be made known on that day.

HENRY MORDECAI. Dec 1-d4ds

A CARD.

MRS. FRANCES A. JOHNSTON,

FASHIONABLE

DRESS AND CLOAK MAKER,

Recessed to the Secretary Hill residence on Hillsboro' Street,

SHE IS PREPARED TO DO ALL WORK IN her line, in fashionable and durable style.

And respectfully solicits a share of public patronage, and will guarantee satisfaction. oct 1-d3m

SCHOOL BOOKS.

The Most Eminent Teachers in North Carolina

DECLARE EMPHATICALLY IN FAVOR OF

The National Series of School Books,

WHICH WERE

Adopted by the State Board of North Carolina, Sept 9, 1869.

UNANIMOUSLY

Adopted by the State Board of Alabama, Aug 18, 1869.

UNANIMOUSLY

Adopted by the State Board of Louisiana, July 17, 1869

☞ By reference to the accompanying lists of Text Books used in the Schools of North Carolina in 1868, and those adopted this year, it will be seen that, in nearly every important particular,

THE OLD NORTH CAROLINA STANDARD IS RETAINED.

1869. The Present Standard.	1855. The Original Standard
Adopted by the Board of Education.	Recommended by the State Superintendent.
Parker and Watson's Spellers,	Webster's Ele'y. Spelling Book.
Parker and Watson's Primer	S. C. Reader No. I.
Parker & Watson's Readers	North Carolina Reader No. II.
Bears' System of Penmanship,	North Carolina Reader No. III.
Davies Primary Arithmetic,	Davies' Intellectual Arithmetic.
Davies' Intellectual Arithmetic.	Davies' School Arithmetic.
Davies' Written and Practical Arith's.	Monteith's Manual of Geography,
Monteith's Series of Geographies.	McNally's School Geography.
McNally's School Geography,	Bullion's English Grammar.
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From Rev. C. H. WILEY formerly State Supt. of Education,

BRISTOL, TENN., Oct 14, 1869.

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Steele's "Natural Philosophy" received. Am struck with its superiority to the other in many respects. Am about waiting substitute in my order Steele's Philosophy for first introduction —G. W. JEWETT, Washington, Oct. 13, 1869.

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IT IS MY PURPOSE to introduce Monteith's (No 4) into my school. I give it the preference for the information which it gives on the subject of physical Geography. The maps and questions in both works (Monteith and McNally) seem to me to be admirable.—Rev. ALBERT SHEDD, D.D., rector of St. Mary's, Raleigh.

The system of Geography—Monteith and McNally—I am well pleased with.—Rev. WM. S. LACY, Raleigh.

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Which will be made up by the best workmen in the State and in the latest styles.

Charges exceedingly moderate, and satisfaction warranted in all cases. sept 24-d3m

NOTICE.

IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT APPLICATION will be made to the Legislature of N. C., at its approaching session, for a charter by the Mechanics' Building and Loan Association of Raleigh. nov 6-d30

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CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.

RALEIGH & GASTON RAILROAD CO., SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE, Raleigh, N. C., April 16, 1869.

On and after April 16th, 1869, Trains will run on the Raleigh & Gaston Railroad, as follows:

Mail Train leaves Raleigh	6.50 A. M.
Arrives at Weldon	2.00 P. M.
Mail Train leaves Weldon	10.10 A. M.
Arrives at Raleigh	4.45 P. M.
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No. 15,273	$ 5,000
" 18,018	5,000
" 18,607	5,000
" 24,692	3,000
" 27,512	10,000
" 28,650	5,000
" 42,974	2,500
" 35,802	10,000
" 48,793	3,000
" 16,159	5,000
and a cash Dividend of	78
" 43,676	2,000
" 43,330	5,000
" 51,136	2,000
" 14,598	10,000
" 40,266	5,000
" 42,975	5,000
" 22,304	15,00

And $5,000 ready to pay a loss of No. 34,161, so soon as the party authorized to receive the money appears.

The Company has been well tested throughout the State, as to its promptness in paying her losses, reliability, &c.

DIVIDENDS PAID AT THE END OF THE FIRST YEAR, AND ANNUALLY THEREAFTER.

Its ratio of expense to income is extremely low. This may be seen by reference to the Official Reports for 1868. For example:

EXPENSE ON THE $100 RECEIVED.

KNICKERBOCKER,	$16,54
EQUITABLE,	17,44
NORTH AMERICA,	21,16
BROOKLYN,	21,69
UNIVERSAL,	27,24
JOHN HANCOCK,	18,27
THE NATIONAL,	62,43
THE ÆTNA,	13,41

It has an IMPORTANT NEW FEATURE that has been copy-righted. According to this plan the rates are MUCH LOWER than in any other Company in the world.

Its ratio of income to law. Its rates are very low. Its expenses are very low. Its dividends are large.

It insured more lives in the City of New York in 1868, than any other Company, except one. It insured more Policies in the United States than any other save one. It insured more lives in Canada than any other Company, British or American.

See what the HIGHEST INSURANCE AUTHORITY in this country says. In the June number of the *Insurance Times*, of New York, the following opinion was expressed:

"If there is any great benefit in mutual association, any great advantage to be derived from scientific organization and a chartered source, tending to mitigate the sufferings, lessen the privations, and add to the peace, security, and happiness of humanity, we are prepared to show that these blessings flow, in all their fullness and purity, from this excellent, powerful, and flourishing Company, the ÆTNA LIFE, of Hartford."

"No institution has brought more prompt, full, and grateful relief to the hearths of the bereaved and desolate, and none has been more uniformly distinguished for the enterprise, wisdom, and equitable liberality with which it has fulfilled the purposes of its formation."

"Its success has been almost unbounded and beyond all precedent. Eight years ago, in 1861 it issued only 589 policies, received an income of seventy-eight thousand dollars, and possessed net assets summing up to something over two hundred and eighty-one thousand dollars; but last year, 1868, it granted 13,337 new policies, more than any other Company except the Mutual Life; received an income exceeding six million dollars and had amassed solid, scarcely and profitably invested nett assets amounting to over Ten Million Three Hundred and Fifty Thousand Dollars. And this wonderful ratio of growth has been sustained in 1869."

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General Agent for North Carolina and Virginia South of the James.

OFFICE—RALEIGH, N. C.

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SADDLES, BRIDLES, BUGGY & CARRIAGE HARNESS;

In short, everything pertaining to a Saddle and Harness establishment, which he offers to sell on reasonable terms

Call and examine his stock. sept. 27-d3m

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GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHAN AND

AUCTIONEER,

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GRATEFUL FOR PAST FAVORS, RENEWS his pledge to serve his old friends and the public to the best of his ability. Special attention to the purchasing, Sales, or renting of Real Estate, Personal Property, Cotton and all kinds of Country Produce and Merchandise. sept 16-d1f